

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Zaid Shakir

DOCKET NO.: 17-32640.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 18-18-207-002-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Zaid Shakir, the appellant, by attorney George N. Reveliotis, of Reveliotis Law, P.C. in Park Ridge; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$7,672 **IMPR.:** \$27,333 **TOTAL:** \$35,005

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

### **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2017 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

### **Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a one-story dwelling of masonry exterior construction with 1,407 square feet of living area. The dwelling is 60 years old. Features of the home include a crawl space foundation, central air conditioning, a fireplace, and a two-car garage. The property has a 10,960 square foot site and is located in Western Springs, Lyons Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-03 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends overvaluation and assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the bases of the appeal. In support of the overvaluation argument the appellant submitted information on four comparable sales with the same neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables have sites that range in size from 10,010 to 14,114 square feet of land area. The comparables are improved with class 2-03 dwellings of frame and masonry exterior construction

that range in size from 1,415 to 1,738 square feet of living area and in age from 52 to 59 years old. Two comparables each have a partial basement with one having finished area and two comparables each have a crawl space foundation. Three comparables have central air conditioning, three comparables each have a fireplace, and each comparable has a two-car garage. The properties sold from May 2015 to September 2016 for prices ranging from \$328,000 to \$373,000 or from \$214.61 to \$231.80 per square foot of living area, land included.

In support of the inequity argument, the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables that have the same neighborhood code and classification code as the subject. The comparables are improved with one-story dwellings of frame and masonry exterior construction that range in size from 1,351 to 1,686 square feet of living area and in age from 57 to 61 years old. Three comparables have crawl space foundations and one comparable has a partial unfinished basement. Three comparables have central air conditioning and a 2-car or a 2.5-car garage. Two comparables each have a fireplace. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$22,578 to \$30,466 or from \$16.71 to \$18.07 per square foot of living area.

Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's assessment be reduced to \$31,073, reflecting a market value of \$310,730 or \$220.85 per square foot of living area, land included, when applying the level of assessment for class 2 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance of 10%. The request would lower the subject's improvement assessment to \$23,401 or \$16.63 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$35,005. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$350,050 or \$248.79 per square foot of living area, including land, when applying the level of assessment for class 2 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance of 10%. The subject has an improvement assessment of \$27,333 or \$19.43 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four comparable sales and four equity comparables that have the same neighborhood code and classification code as the subject. The comparable sales have sites ranging in size from 10,032 to 11,651 square feet of land area and are improved with one-story dwellings of frame, masonry, or frame and masonry exterior construction that range in size from 1,242 to 1,632 square feet of living area. The dwellings are 51 to 59 years old. Two comparables each have a full basement with one having finished area and two comparables have crawl space foundations. Three comparables each have central air conditioning and one fireplace. Each comparable has a two-car garage. The sales occurred from May 2015 to July 2016 for prices ranging from \$390,000 to \$450,000 or from \$272.54 to \$326.49 per square foot of living area, including land.

The equity comparables are described as one-story dwellings of masonry or frame and masonry exterior construction that range in size from 1,363 to 1,528 square feet of living area. The dwellings are 56 to 60 years old. Two comparables each have a partial basement with one having finished area and two comparables have crawl space foundations. Each comparable has central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces, and a two-car garage. The comparables have

improvement assessments ranging from \$28,809 to \$29,747 or from \$19.45 to \$21.14 per square foot of living area.

Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

# **Conclusion of Law**

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains eight comparable sales for the Board's consideration. The Board gave less weight to the appellant's comparable sales #2 and #4 along with board of review comparables #1 and #4 which have basement foundations unlike the subject's crawl space foundation and/or sold in 2015, less proximate in time to the January 1, 2017 assessment date as the other sales in the record.

The Board finds the best evidence of the subject's market value to be appellant's comparable #1 and #3 along with board of review comparables #2 and #3. These comparables sold most proximate in time to the January 1, 2017 assessment date and overall are most similar to the subject in location, dwelling size, design, age and features. The sales occurred from May to September 2016 for prices ranging from \$370,000 to \$405,500 or from \$219.19 to \$326.49 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$350,050 or \$248.79 per square foot of living area, including land, which falls within the range on a price per square foot basis established by the best comparable sales in this record but below the range on an overall basis. After considering adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

The appellant also argued assessment inequity as an alternative basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject. The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains eight equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gave less weight to the appellant's comparable #4 and board of review comparables #1 and #4 as they have basement foundations unlike the subject's crawl space foundation. Reduced weight was also given to appellant's comparable #1 due to its larger dwelling size when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparables #2 and #3 along with board of review comparables #2 and #3. These comparables overall are most similar to the subject in location, dwelling size, design, age and features. The comparable have improvement assessments ranging from \$24,039 to \$28,915 or from \$17.65 to \$21.14 per square foot of living area. The subject has an improvement assessment of \$27,333 or \$19.43 per square foot of living area, which falls within the range established by the best comparables in this record. After considering adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's improvement assessment is supported.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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a R	Robert Stoffen
Member	Member
Dan De Kinin	Sarah Bokley
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

# **CERTIFICATION**

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	March 16, 2021
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	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

**IMPORTANT NOTICE** 

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

# PARTIES OF RECORD

# **AGENCY**

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

# **APPELLANT**

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# **COUNTY**

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