

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT:	Thomas Frenkel
DOCKET NO.:	17-31033.001-R-1
PARCEL NO .:	18-03-405-029-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Thomas Frenkel, the appellant(s), by attorney Stephanie Park, of Park & Longstreet, P.C. in Inverness; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>*A Reduction*</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	\$4,733
IMPR.:	\$35,489
TOTAL:	\$40,222

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

#### **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2017 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

#### **Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a two story, single-family dwelling of frame construction with 3,224 square feet of living area. Features of the home include four and one-half baths, a full finished basement, and a two-car garage. The dwelling was constructed in 2016. The property has a 8,232 square foot site and is located in Brookfield, Lyons Township, Cook County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on seven equity comparables. The appellant requested the subject's total assessment be reduced to \$24,828.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$44,758 including an occupancy factor of 68.8%. The subject has a total improvement assessment of \$40,025 or \$12.41 per square foot of living area. The subject's

improvement assessment without the occupancy factor is \$58,177 or \$18.04 per square foot of living area. In support of the assessment, the board of review submitted four equity comparables.

In rebuttal, the appellant's attorney states that the board of review's comparables support aa reduction in the subject's assessed value and distinguished the board of review's evidence based on size and reaffirmed request for a reduction in the subject's assessed value.

The appellant's attorney and the board of review analyst both waived hearing and requested the decision be written on the evidence.

# **Conclusion of Law**

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The subject property's assessed value includes an occupancy factor. The Board shall calculate the subject's full assessment and compare it to other, similar properties that do not have an occupancy factor, and then re-apply the occupancy factor to the subject after the comparison analysis is complete. Board finds that the subject's improvement assessment is \$58,177, or \$18.04 per square foot of living area. The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity for the subject to the board of review comparables, These comparables had improvement assessments that ranged from \$13.81 to \$16.72 per square foot of living area. The subject's full assessment of \$18.04. per square foot of living area falls above the range established by the best comparables in this record. Based on this record, the Board finds the appellant did demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed, and a reduction in the subject's assessment is justified. The occupancy factor of 68.8% shall be applied to the assessed value.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman Member Member Member Member **DISSENTING:** 

# <u>CERTIFICATION</u>

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

March 21, 2023

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

# **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND</u> <u>EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

# PARTIES OF RECORD

# AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

# APPELLANT

Thomas Frenkel, by attorney: Stephanie Park Park & Longstreet, P.C. 1620 W Colonial Parkway Inverness, IL 60067

# COUNTY

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