

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Bessy Kryos

DOCKET NO.: 17-30699.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 09-33-211-002-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Bessy Kryos, the appellant, by attorney George N. Reveliotis, of Reveliotis Law, P.C. in Park Ridge; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$4,537 **IMPR.:** \$18,343 **TOTAL:** \$22,880

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2017 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a one-story dwelling of masonry exterior construction with 1,548 square feet of living area. The dwelling is 46 years old, has a full unfinished basement, central air conditioning and a 2-car garage. The property has an 8,250 square foot site and is located in Des Plaines, Maine Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-03 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables that are located within the same neighborhood code and the same street as the subject property. The comparables are one-story dwellings of frame or frame and masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 1,382 to 1,485 square feet of living area. The

dwellings range in age from 59 to 114 years old, each comparable has central air conditioning, three comparables have either a concrete slab foundation or a crawl space foundation, one comparable has a full unfinished basement, and three comparables have either a 2-car or a 2.5-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$14,876 to \$16,531 or from \$10.22 to \$11.23 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested that the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$16,646 or \$10.75 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$22,880. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$18,343 or \$11.85 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on three equity comparables that are located within the same neighborhood code as the subject. One comparable is also located within the subject's same block. The comparables are improved with one-story dwellings of masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 1,197 to 1,617 square feet of living area. The dwellings are each 49 years old. Each comparable has a partial or full basement with one having finished area, central air conditioning, and a 2-car garage. One comparable has a fireplace. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$16,653 to \$20,356 or from \$12.51 to \$13.91 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested that the subject's assessment be confirmed.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted seven suggested comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables due to differences with their dissimilar design, considerably older ages, and/or lack of a basement when compared to the subject property. The Board also gives less weight to the board of review comparable #1 due to its significantly smaller dwelling size when compared to the subject's dwelling.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be board of review comparables #2 and #3. These two comparables received greater weight because they are closer in age and dwelling size to the subject's dwelling and most similar in other property characteristics when compared to the subject property. These two comparables have improvement assessments of \$20,227 and \$20,356 or \$12.51 and \$13.28 per square foot of living area, respectively. The subject's improvement assessment of \$18,343 or \$11.85 per square foot of living area falls below

¹ The Board has determined "1" signifies "Yes" for central air conditioning in the appellant's grid analysis based upon the description of the subject property provided by the board of review.

the two best comparables contained in this record. After considering adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Member	Member
Dan De Kinin	Sarah Bokley
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	November 17, 2020
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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