

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Michael Favero
DOCKET NO.: 17-25671.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 28-31-216-012-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Michael Favero, the appellant, by attorney John Rock, of Rock Fusco & Connelly, LLC in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>no change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$4,899 **IMPR.:** \$14,078 **TOTAL:** \$18,977

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2017 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a one-story masonry dwelling with 1,688 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 70 years old. Features of the home include a crawl space foundation, and a 1.5-car garage. The property has a 13,065 square foot site and is located in Tinley Park, Bremen Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-03 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted limited information on three comparable properties located within the same neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables consist of

¹ Appellant's counsel submitted limited information on the subject and three comparable properties and did not disclose details about the design, foundation type and/or finish of the dwellings or whether the dwellings feature a garage.

masonry or frame and masonry dwellings that were built from 84 to 88 years ago and range in size from 1,280 to 1,668 square feet of living area. One comparable has central air-conditioning. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$6,895 to \$10,792 or from \$5.39 to \$6.54 per square foot of living area.

Based on this evidence, the appellant requested that the subject's improvement assessment be lowered to \$9,098 or \$5.39 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$18,977. The subject has an improvement assessment of \$14,078 or \$8.34 per square foot of living area.

In support of its argument the board of review submitted information on four comparable properties located within the same neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables consist of similar class 2-03 one-story dwellings of masonry exterior construction. The dwellings were built from 60 to 69 years ago and range in size from 1,300 to 1,558 square feet of living area. Two comparables have either a full or partial unfinished basement and two comparables have either a slab or crawl space foundation. Three comparables have central air-conditioning, two comparables each have one fireplace, and each comparable has either a 1-car or a 2-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$14,307 to \$16,741 or from \$9.83 to \$11.78 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as a basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity, and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted seven suggested equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to appellant's comparables which differ from the subject property in age and/or dwelling size and as details regarding the design, foundation type and/or finish, and garage were not presented to the Board to aid in its analysis of the comparables' similarity to the subject. The Board also gives less weight to board of review comparables #2 and #3 which each have a basement, dissimilar to the subject's crawl space foundation.

The Board finds the best evidence of value to be board of review comparables #1 and #4 which are similar to the subject property in location, age, design, and most features, although both comparables feature central air-conditioning, suggesting downward adjustments are necessary to make these comparables more similar to the subject. These two comparables had improvement assessments of \$14,307 and \$15,321 or \$9.83 and \$10.55 per square foot of living area,

respectively. The subject's improvement assessment of \$14,078 or \$8.34 per square foot of living area falls below the assessments of the best comparables in this record. After considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds that the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and no reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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| Member | Member |
| Dan Dikini | Sarah Bokley |
| Member | Member |
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| DISSENTING: | |

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

| Date: | September 21, 2021 |
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

Docket No: 17-25671.001-R-1 PARTIES OF RECORD **AGENCY** State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001 **APPELLANT** Michael Favero, by attorney: John Rock Rock Fusco & Connelly, LLC 321 North Clark Street Suite 2200

COUNTY

Chicago, IL 60654

Cook County Board of Review

County Building, Room 601

118 North Clark Street

Chicago, IL 60602