

### FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT:	David Chavez
DOCKET NO.:	17-24877.001-R-1
PARCEL NO .:	16-31-423-029-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are David Chavez, the appellant, by attorney Amy C. Floyd, Attorney at Law in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>No Change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	\$3,597
IMPR.:	\$11,485
TOTAL:	\$15,082

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

#### **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2017 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

#### **Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a 92-year old, one and one-half story, single-family dwelling of masonry construction. Features of the home include: a full basement, air conditioning as well as a two-car garage. The property has a 3,690 square foot site and is located in Berwyn Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-03 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on four suggested equity comparables. They were improved with a one-story, single-family dwelling of frame construction. The improvements ranged: in age from 66 to 101 years; in size from 840 to 996 square feet; and in improvement

assessment from \$7.64 to \$8.52 per square foot of living area. In addition, minimal data was submitted for these same properties as well as three additional properties on a second grid sheet.

As to the subject's improvement, the appellant's pleadings indicated that the subject contained 958 square feet of living area without any further explanation.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$15,082. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$11,485 or \$9.62 per square foot of living area based upon 1,194 square feet of living area. In support of the improvement's size, the board of review's attachments reflected county data and photographs of the subject as well as the suggested comparables.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four suggested equity comparables, located within a two-block radius of the subject. They are improved with a one and one-half story, single-family dwelling of masonry construction. The improvements ranged: in age from 70 to 95 years; in size from 1,309 to 1,371 square feet of living area; and in assessment from \$10.75 to \$11.81 per square foot. Amenities include: a partial or full basement, air conditioning and a two-car garage.

# **Conclusion of Law**

As to the initial issue of the subject improvement's size, the Board finds that the best evidence was submitted by the board of review; and that the improvement contained 1,194 square feet of living area.

Secondly, the taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant *did not meet* this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment *is not* warranted.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be *the board of review's comparables* #2 *through* #4. They had improvement assessments that ranged from \$10.75 to \$11.60 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$9.62 per square foot of living area falls below the range established by the best comparables in this record. The remaining properties were accorded diminished weight due to a disparity in location, age, size and/or amenities. Based on this record, the Board finds the appellant *did not* demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment *is not* justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman Member Member Member Member **DISSENTING:** 

### CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

April 20, 2021

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND</u> <u>EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

## PARTIES OF RECORD

### AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

### APPELLANT

David Chavez, by attorney: Amy C. Floyd Attorney at Law 57 E. Delaware #3101 Chicago, IL 60611

#### COUNTY

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