



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Robert J Bollman
DOCKET NO.: 17-21030.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 02-21-100-039-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Robert J Bollman, the appellant, by Amy C. Floyd, Attorney at Law in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **A Reduction** in the assessment of the property as established by the Cook County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$13,170
IMPR.: \$67,045
TOTAL: \$80,215

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2017 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of frame and masonry exterior construction with 5,060 square feet of living area.¹ The dwelling is 44 years old, has an unfinished basement, and at least one fireplace. The property has a 75,259 square foot site and is located in Inverness, Palatine Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-09 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables with the same classification and neighborhood codes as the subject. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings of masonry or frame and masonry exterior construction

¹ The Board finds the only evidence of the subject's property description was provided within the appellant's evidence. Furthermore, the appellant failed to provide information regarding any garage features within the grid analysis.

ranging in size from 5,457 to 5,933 square feet of living area. The dwellings range in age from 1 to 39 years old. Each comparable has a partial or full basement, central air conditioning, and at least one fireplace. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$11,157 to \$75,327 or from \$1.88 to \$13.22 per square foot of living area. The appellant's submission included a copy of the "Cook County Board of Review" final decision disclosing the subject has a total assessment of 95,648. The submission by the appellant also revealed the subject has a land assessment of \$13,170 and an improvement assessment of \$82,478 or \$16.30 per square foot of living area.

Based on this evidence, the appellant requested that the improvement assessment be reduced to \$56,925 or \$11.25 per square foot of living area.

The board of review did not submit its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" nor any evidence in support of its assessed valuation of the subject property and was found to be in default by letter dated July 18, 2019. The Cook County Board of Review's Motion to Vacate PTAB's Order of Default was denied by the Property Tax Appeal Board by letter dated September 11, 2019.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The Board finds the board of review did not timely submit any evidence in support of its assessment of the subject property or to refute the evidence submitted by the appellant as required by Section 1910.40(a) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board and is in default pursuant to Section 1910.69(a) of the rules of the Board. (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.40(a); 1910.69(a)). The board of review's effort to have the default vacated was denied by the Property Tax Appeal Board.

The Board further finds the only evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparables. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparable #1 which appears to be an outlier in comparison to the other comparables in this record with its dwelling's significantly newer one-year-old age and lower improvement and per-square-foot assessments.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparables #2 through #4. Although the comparables have slightly newer ages and larger dwelling sizes, they are most similar in property characteristics to the subject property. These comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$61,303 to \$75,327 or from \$10.86 to \$13.22 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$82,478 or \$16.30 per square foot of living area falls above the range established by the three best comparables in this record. After considering adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the subject, such as the larger dwelling sizes, the Board finds the appellant demonstrated with clear and

convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is justified. Based on this limited record, the Board finds the appellant demonstrated with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

November 17, 2020



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois
Property Tax Appeal Board
William G. Stratton Building, Room 402
401 South Spring Street
Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Robert J Bollman, by attorney:
Amy C. Floyd
Attorney at Law
57 E. Delaware
#3101
Chicago, IL 60611

COUNTY

Cook County Board of Review
County Building, Room 601
118 North Clark Street
Chicago, IL 60602