



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Mike & Riley Hickman
DOCKET NO.: 17-05630.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 09-09-424-004

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Mike & Riley Hickman, the appellants, by attorney Brian S. Maher, of Weis, DuBrock, Doody & Maher, in Chicago, and the DuPage County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **no change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **DuPage** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$29,000
IMPR.: \$157,000
TOTAL: \$186,000

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellants timely filed the appeal from a decision of the DuPage County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2017 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property is improved with a part two-story and part one-story dwelling of frame exterior construction with 3,112 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 2006. Features of the home¹ include a full finished basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 514 square foot garage. The property has a 9,000 square foot site and is located in Westmont, Downers Grove Township, DuPage County.

The appellants contend assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellants submitted information on three equity comparables, two of which are located in the same neighborhood code assigned by the assessor to the subject property. The comparables are improved with part two-story and part one-story

¹ Some details of the subject and the appellant's comparables were drawn from the data and property record cards supplied by the board of review.

dwelling of frame exterior construction ranging in size from 3,151 to 3,973 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed between 2005 and 2011. Features include a full unfinished basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a garage ranging in size from 513 and 703 square feet of building area. The comparables had improvement assessments that range from \$147,770 to \$179,150 or from \$45.09 to \$48.10 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellants requested that the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$145,299 or \$46.69 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$186,000. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$157,000 or \$50.44 per square foot of living area.

In response to the appellants' evidence, the board of review submitted data prepared by the Downers Grove Township Assessor's Office. The assessor noted that none of the appellants' comparable dwellings have any finished basement area unlike the subject's 100% finished basement.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review through the township assessor submitted information on three equity comparables each of which is located in the same neighborhood code assigned by the assessor to the subject property. The comparables are improved with part two-story and part one-story dwellings of frame exterior construction ranging in size from 2,820 to 2,881 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed between 2003 and 2007. Each comparable features a full basement, one of which is 75% finished, central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces and a garage ranging in size from 400 to 558 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$140,870 to \$150,670 or from \$49.95 to \$53.03 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested that the subject's improvement assessment be affirmed.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayers contend assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellants did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of six comparables to support their respective positions before the Property Tax Appeal Board. The Board has given reduced weight to appellants' comparables #1 and #3 as these dwellings differ from the subject in dwelling size and/or age when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be appellants' comparable #2 along with the board of review comparables which were similar to the subject in location and age and present varying degrees of similarity to the subject in dwelling size and/or features. These

comparables had improvement assessments that ranged from \$140,870 to \$150,670 or from \$46.89 to \$53.03 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$157,000 or \$50.44 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in this record on a per-square-foot basis and appears to be logical given the subject's fully finished basement which is superior to the each of the best comparables in the record. After considering necessary adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the subject property, the Board finds the appellants did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



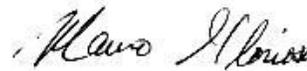
Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: July 21, 2020



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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