

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Eduardo Depaz DOCKET NO.: 17-05446.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 07-07-414-009

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Eduardo Depaz, the appellant, by attorney George N. Reveliotis of Reveliotis Law, P.C. in Park Ridge; and the DuPage County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>no change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **DuPage** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$37,130 **IMPR.:** \$110,189 **TOTAL:** \$147,319

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the DuPage County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2017 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling with a stucco and cedar exterior containing 3,242 square feet of living area. The dwelling was built in 1997. Features of the home include a full basement that is partially finished, central air conditioning, one fireplace, 3½ bathrooms and a three-car integral garage. The property has an 11,152 square foot site and is located in Aurora, Naperville Township, DuPage County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted an appraisal estimating the subject property had a market value of \$442,000 as of January 1, 2017. The appraisal was prepared by Nicholas Mulligan, a Certified Residential Real Estate Appraiser.

The appraiser described the subject property as being in average to good condition. He found no evidence of adverse conditions on the site, in the house or in the neighborhood. The appraiser also stated that the market has continued to increase over the past few years and values are considered stable over the past twelve months.

In estimating the market value of the subject property, the appellant's appraiser developed the sales comparison approach to value using five comparable sales improved with two-story dwellings with Dryvit or brick and cedar exteriors that range in size from 3,100 to 3,700 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1990 to 1998 and range in age from approximately 19 to 27 years old. Each comparable has a full basement with three having finished area, central air conditioning, one fireplace and a two-car or three-car attached garage. These properties have sites ranging in size from 11,143 to 14,143 square feet of land area and are located from .25 to .70 miles from the subject property. The sales occurred from December 2015 to November 2016 for prices ranging from \$400,000 to \$447,000 or from \$108.11 to \$138.71 per square foot of living area, inclusive of the land. Adjustments were made to the comparables for differences from the subject to arrive at adjusted prices ranging from \$410,750 to \$456,500. The appraiser arrived at an estimated market value of \$442,000 as of the assessment date. The appellant requested the subject's assessment be reduced to reflect the appraised value.

The appellant's appraisal included a map and aerial photographs depicting the location of the subject property adjacent to the Stonebridge Country Club/golf course.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$166,610. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$499,880 or \$149.58 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2017 three-year average median level of assessment for DuPage County of 33.33% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four comparable sales improved with two-story dwellings of frame or frame and brick construction that range in size from 3,123 to 3,426 square feet of living area. The homes were built from 1996 to 1999. Each comparable has an unfinished basement, one fireplace and a two-car or a three-car garage ranging in size from 525 to 734 square feet of building area. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 11,137 to 14,154 square feet of land area. Comparable #1 is described as having a golf-course location like the subject property. Each comparable has the same neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables sold from May 2015 to June 2017 for prices ranging from \$440,000 to \$505,000 or from \$140.11 to \$157.20 per square foot of living area, including land. The board of review evidence includes a map depicting the location of both party's comparables in relation to the subject property.

The board of review requested the assessment be confirmed.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market

value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the comparable sales provided by the board of review. These comparables are most similar to the subject in location, all being within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property, with three being located along the same street and within one block of the subject property. The board of review comparable sales sold for prices ranging from \$440,000 to \$505,000 or from \$140.11 to \$157.20 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$499,880 or \$149.58 per square foot of living area, including land, which is within the range established by the best comparable sales in the record. The finds that two of the board of review comparables sold in 2015, however, the appellant's appraiser asserted that the market has been increasing or stable, therefore, the Board determined it was appropriate to rely on these sales. The Board gave less weight to the appellant's appraisal based on the slightly more distant location from the subject property of the comparables used in the report relative to the location of the comparables provided by the board of review. Based on this evidence the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Member	Member
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Member	Member
DISSENTING:	
CERTIFI	CATION
As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do	

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	July 21, 2020	
	Mauro Illorios	
	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board	

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

DuPage County Board of Review DuPage Center 421 N. County Farm Road Wheaton, IL 60187