

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Edward Bartnicki DOCKET NO.: 17-02785.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 04-15-323-001

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Edward Bartnicki, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$4,897 **IMPR.:** \$32,332 **TOTAL:** \$37,229

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2017 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a one-story dwelling of wood siding exterior construction with 1,568 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1972. Features of the home include a partial unfinished basement, one fireplace and a 672 square foot attached garage. The property has an 13,500 square foot site and is located in Zion, Zion Township, Lake County.

The appellant submitted evidence before the Property Tax Appeal Board claiming overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on five comparable sales located from 1.01 to 1.84 miles from the subject. The comparables are situated on sites ranging in size from 5,922 to 16,200 square feet of land area and are improved with one-story dwellings of wood siding or brick exterior construction that were built from 1956 to 1985. The dwellings range in size from 1,464 to 1,627 square feet of living area. Each comparable has a partial or a full unfinished basement, three comparables have central air

conditioning, two comparables have one fireplace and two comparables each have an attached garage with either 560 or 345 square feet of building area. Comparable #5 has an additional 816 square foot detached garage. The comparables sold from April to November 2016 for prices ranging from \$50,000 to \$95,200 or from \$32.30 to \$58.51 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$37,229. The subject's assessment reflects an estimated market value of \$112,305 or \$71.62 per square foot of living area, including land, when applying the 2017 three-year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.15%.

In response to the appellant's evidence, the board of review argued the appellants comparables are located over 1 mile from the subject and comparables #1 through #3 lack a garage feature unlike the subject.

In support of the subject's assessment, the board of review submitted information on four comparable sales located within .41 of a mile from the subject. The comparables are situated on sites ranging in size from 7,800 to 9,576 square feet of land area and are improved with one-story dwellings of wood, vinyl or aluminum siding exterior construction that were built from 1968 to 1973. The dwellings range in size from 1,120 to 1,600 square feet of living area. The comparables each have a partial or a full unfinished basement, central air conditioning and a garage ranging in size from 352 to 624 square feet of building area. Two comparables each have one fireplace. The comparables sold from July 2015 to December 2017 for prices ranging from \$118,000 to \$139,000 or from \$86.88 to \$111.52 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted nine comparable sales for the Board's consideration. The Board gave less weight to the appellant's comparables due to their distant locations, dissimilar ages and/or lack of a garage feature when compared to the subject. The Board also gave less weight to board of review comparable #1 which sold in 2015, not as proximate in time to the January 1, 2017 assessment date as other sales in the record.

The Board finds the best evidence of the subject's market value to be the board of review comparables #2, #3 and #4 as these comparables are more similar to the subject in location, age, design and features except for all have superior central air conditioning and two lack a fireplace. The comparables sold from April 2016 to December 2017 for prices ranging from \$118,000 to \$139,000 or from \$86.88 to \$106.86 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's

assessment reflects an estimated market value of \$112,305 or \$71.62 per square foot of living area, including land, which falls below the range established by the best comparables sales in the record. After considering adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's estimated market value as reflected by its assessment is supported and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Chairman	n
R	Robert Stoffen
Member	Member
Dan Dikini	Sarah Boldey
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	
CERTIFICATION	
As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and compl Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the a said office.	lete Final Administrative Decision of the

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

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June 16, 2020

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Date:

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Edward Bartnicki, by attorney: Ronald Kingsley Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC 13975 W. Polo Trail Drive #201 Lake Forest, IL 60045

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085