

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Dennis Rusin
DOCKET NO.: 17-02406.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 14-05-404-001

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Dennis Rusin, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld of Robert H. Rosenfeld and Associates, LLC in Chicago; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>no change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$35,827 **IMPR.:** \$197,253 **TOTAL:** \$233,080

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2017 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of brick exterior construction with 4,373 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1996. Features of the home include a full unfinished basement, central air conditioning, two fireplaces and a 925 square foot garage. The property has a 46,979 square foot site and is located in Hawthorn Woods, Ela Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on three equity comparables located from 1.04 to 1.25 miles from the subject property. The comparables consist of two-story dwellings of brick or wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 3,957 to 4,282 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed from 1980 to 1990. Comparable #2 has an effective age of 1992. The comparables each feature a full or partial

unfinished basement, central air conditioning, one to three fireplaces and a garage ranging in size from 748 to 1,185 square feet of building area. In addition, the appellant's comparable #3 has a 684 square foot inground swimming pool. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$150,820 to \$158,709 or from \$35.24 to \$40.11 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$233,080. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$197,253 or \$45.11 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on six equity comparables located within .292 of a mile of the subject property. The comparables consist of two-story dwellings of wood siding or brick exterior construction ranging in size from 4,299 to 4,486 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1990 to 1997. The comparables each feature a full or partial unfinished basement, central air conditioning, one to three fireplaces and a garage ranging in size from 735 to 1,076 square feet of building area. In addition, board of review comparable #5 has a 790 square foot inground swimming pool. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$182,962 to \$196,862 or from \$42.32 to \$45.01 per square foot of living area. The board of review provided property record cards of the subject and its comparables. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested that the subject's assessment be confirmed.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted nine suggested equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gave less weight to the appellant's comparables which are located more than one mile away from the subject, furthermore appellant's comparables #2 and #3 have older dwellings and/or an inground swimming pool unlike the subject. The Board also gave less weight to board of review comparable #5 which differs from the subject as it has an inground swimming pool.

The Board finds the remaining five comparables are more similar to the subject in location, dwelling size, design and age but varying degrees of similarity in features. Most weight was given to board of review comparable #3, although it has one less fireplace and a smaller garage when compared to the subject. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$42.32 to \$45.01 per square foot of living area. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$45.11 per square foot of living area, which is slightly above the range established by the most similar comparables in the record. However, after considering any necessary

adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the evidence demonstrates the subject's improvement assessment is justified. Based on this record the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and no reduction in the subject's assessment is justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Member	Member
DISSENTING:	RTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	June 16, 2020	
	Mauro Morios	
· -	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board	

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085