



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Jamie and Paul Weiss
DOCKET NO.: 17-01492.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 16-29-401-025

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Jamie and Paul Weiss, the appellants, by attorney Scott J. Linn, of the Law Offices of Scott J. Linn in Deerfield; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds No Change in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$167,771
IMPR.: \$329,686
TOTAL: \$497,457

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellants timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2017 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of brick construction with 4,779 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 2003. Features of the home include a full basement with finished area, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 736 square foot garage. The property has a 41,600 square foot site and is located in Deerfield, West Deerfield Township, Lake County.

The appellants contend overvaluation and assessment inequity as the bases of the appeal. In support of these claims the appellants submitted a grid analysis of seven comparables with varying degrees of similarity to the subject.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$497,457. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of

\$1,500,624 or \$314.00 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2017 three-year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.15% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$68.99 per square foot of living area. The board of review contends the assessment of the subject property as established by the decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board for the 2015 tax year should be carried forward to the 2017 tax year pursuant to section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code. (35 ILCS 200/16-185).

The evidence disclosed that the subject property is an owner-occupied residence that was the subject matter of an appeal before the Property Tax Appeal Board in a prior year under Docket Number 15-03776.001-R-1. In that appeal the Property Tax Appeal Board issued a decision lowering the assessment of the subject property to \$478,646 based on an agreement of the parties. The board of review asserted that tax years 2015 and 2017 are within the same general assessment period. The board of review also submitted assessment information and market value evidence on eight comparables to demonstrate the subject was being equitably assessed and/or fairly assessed based on market value.

Conclusion of Law

The appellants contend overvaluation and assessment inequity as the bases of the appeal. In support of these claims the appellants submitted a grid analysis of seven comparables with varying degrees of similarity to the subject. Three of the properties sold in 2017 for prices ranging from \$228.49 to \$292.36 per square foot of building area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$314.00 per square foot of living area, land included. In addition, the comparables had land assessments ranging from \$52,598 to \$117,327. The subject's land assessment is \$167,771.

The board of review submitted eight comparables with varying degrees of similarity to the subject. Four of the comparables sold in either 2015 or 2017 for prices ranging from \$292.36 to \$358.16 per square foot of living area, including land. All of the comparables had land assessments ranging from \$52,598 to \$72,980.

However, having considered each parties comparables, the Board finds the board or review also responded by asserting a contention of law that the assessment of the subject property as established by the Property Tax Appeal Board for the 2015 tax year should be carried forward to the 2017 tax year pursuant to section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code. (35 ILCS 200/16-185). The Board finds the evidence depicts a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that the assessment as established by the Board for the 2015 tax year should be carried forward to the tax year at issue subject only to equalization(s) as provided by section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code.

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-185) states in part:

If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel on which a residence occupied by the owner is situated, such reduced assessment, subject to equalization, shall remain in effect for the

remainder of the general assessment period as provided in Sections 9-215 through 9-225, unless that parcel is subsequently sold in an arm's length transaction establishing a fair cash value for the parcel that is different from the fair cash value on which the Board's assessment is based, or unless the decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board is reversed or modified upon review.

The record disclosed the Property Tax Appeal Board issued a decision reducing the subject's assessment for the 2015 tax year. The record further indicates that the subject property is an owner-occupied dwelling and that 2015 and 2017 are within the same general assessment period. The record contains no evidence indicating the subject property sold in an arm's length transaction after the Board's decision or that the decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board has been reversed or modified upon review. The record also disclosed that a township equalization factor of 1.0643 was applied in 2016 and a township equalization factor of 1.0393 was applied in 2017 (2015 PTAB Decision of \$478,646 x 1.0643 x 1.0393 = \$529,443), which is more than the subject's current 2017 assessment of \$497,457. The board of review did not request an increase in the subject's assessment. For these reasons the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: November 17, 2020



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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