

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: CSMA BLT, LLC DOCKET NO.: 17-01379.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 08-28-223-010

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are CSMA BLT, LLC, the appellant, by attorney Abby L. Strauss, of Schiller Strauss & Lavin PC in Chicago; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$2,510 **IMPR.:** \$10,876 **TOTAL:** \$13,386

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2017 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a one-story brick dwelling constructed in 1901.¹ The dwelling contains 1,029 square feet of living area and features a full, unfinished basement. The site contains 4,708 square feet of land area located in Waukegan, Waukegan Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on nine equity comparables located within 0.73 of a mile of the subject and within the same neighborhood as the subject. The comparables are described as one-story aluminum, wood or asbestos-sided dwellings built from 1901 to 1925 with effective ages the same as the actual ages. The comparables range in size from 1,050 to 1,287 square feet of living area. The comparables

¹ Both parties report in their grid analyses that the subject was built in 1901 but has an effective age of 1958.

feature full or partial, unfinished basements. Five feature garages that range in size from 240 to 528 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$6,892 to \$7,993 or from \$6.03 to \$6.80 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$13,386. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$10,876 or \$10.57 per square foot of living area.

In response to the appellant's evidence, the township assessor stated that the subject has an adjusted effective age based on remodeling and disclosed that permits for \$25,563 were taken out in 2013. In support of this claim, the assessor submitted photographs of the inside of the dwelling showing new carpet and the remodeled kitchen. The assessor also submitted a description of the subject taken from an on-line web site describing the new wall-to-wall carpeting throughout the main living areas of the home. The appellant did not refute the assessor's assertion that the subject has been remodeled and has a newer effective age.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on three equity comparables located within 0.684 of a mile from the subject and within the same neighborhood as the subject. The comparables are described as one-story brick dwellings built from 1935 to 1945. They range in size from 1,004 to 1,040 square feet of living area. The comparables feature full unfinished basements and garages that range in size from 240 to 440 square feet of building area. One comparable has a fireplace. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$8,812 to \$9,603 or from \$8.78 to \$9.23 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence the board of review asked for confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The Board gives less weight to appellant's comparables #1, #3, #4, #5 and #8 based on their larger dwelling sizes as compared to the subject. Despite some dissimilarities in features, the Board gives more weight to the appellant's comparables #2, #6, #7 and #9 and to the board of review comparables which are similar to the subject in location, style, dwelling size and most features. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$6.18 to \$9.23 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$10.57 per square foot of living area falls above the range established by the best comparables in this record but is justified given the 2013 remodeling of the subject and the newer effective age. After considering adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds

the subject's improvement assessment is supported. Therefore, no reduction in the subject's assessment based on inequity is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

21	. Fer
Ch	airman
	Robert Stoffen
Member	Member
Dan Dikini	Swan Bolley
Member	Member
DISSENTING: <u>CERTIFIC</u>	ATION
As Clark of the Illinois Droporty Toy Appeal Poor	d and the transport of the December thereof I do

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	April 21, 2020	
	Mauro Illoriose	
	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board	

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

CSMA BLT, LLC, by attorney: Abby L. Strauss Schiller Strauss & Lavin PC 33 North Dearborn Suite 1130 Chicago, IL 60602

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085