

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Zachary Stern
DOCKET NO.: 17-01072.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 15-28-316-004

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Zachary Stern, the appellant, by attorney Abby L. Strauss of Schiller Strauss & Lavin PC in Chicago; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>no change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$43,007 **IMPR.:** \$129,466 **TOTAL:** \$172,473

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

### **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2017 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

#### **Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a two-story, wood-sided, single-family dwelling with 2,654 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1989 and features a full basement with finished area, central air-conditioning, a fireplace and a 441-square foot garage. The dwelling is located in Buffalo Grove, Vernon Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on five equity comparables, all located in close proximity to the subject. The comparables consist of two-story, wood-sided, single-family dwellings that were built from 1989 to 1991. The dwellings range in size from 2,662 to 3,310 square feet of living area. Each of the dwellings has a full or partial finished basement, central air-conditioning, one or two fireplaces, and a garage containing 420 or 483 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$105,995 to

\$124,592 or from \$32.02 to \$45.47 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$172,473. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$129,466 or \$48.78 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on six equity comparables located in close proximity to the subject. They consist of two-story, wood-sided, single-family dwellings built in 1988 or 1989 that contain 2,654 or 2,646 square feet of living area. Features of the homes include a full or partial basement, three of which have finished area, central air-conditioning, a fireplace, and a garage containing 420 to 525 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$129,707 to \$144,267 or from \$48.87 to \$54.36 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

## **Conclusion of Law**

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties presented data on eleven suggested comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gave less weight to appellants' comparables #2 through #5 as comparable #3 is a larger dwelling with a larger garage and comparables #2, #4 and #5 only have partial finished basements in contrast to the subject's full finished basement. The Board also gave less weight to board of review comparables #3 through #6 as comparable #3 has a full unfinished basement and comparables #4 through #6 each have only partial basements, one of which has finished area.

The Board finds appellant's comparable #1 and board of review comparables #1 and #2 are the are most similar comparables to the subject contained in the record in age, design, location, size, basement size and finish, and most features. These comparables had improvement assessments ranging from \$39.52 to \$54.36 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$48.78 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in this record.

The constitutional provision for uniformity of taxation and valuation does not require mathematical equality. A practical uniformity, rather than an absolute one, is the test. <u>Apex Motor Fuel Co. v. Barrett</u>, 20 Ill.2d 395 (1960). Although the comparables presented by the parties disclosed that properties located in the same area are not assessed at identical levels, all that the constitution requires is a practical uniformity, which exists on the basis of the evidence.

Based on this record the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and no reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Chairman	
C. R.	assert Stoffen
Member	Member
Dan Dikini	Sarah Bokley
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	
<u>CERTIFICATION</u>	
As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.	

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

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June 16, 2020

## **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Date:

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

Docket No: 17-01072.001-R-1
PARTIES OF RECORD
AGENCY

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**COUNTY** 

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