

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Larry Leiner

DOCKET NO.: 17-00005.001-R-1

PARCEL NO.: 24-2-01-34-01-101-037

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Larry Leiner, the appellant; and the Madison County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>no change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Madison** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$11,690 **IMPR.:** \$74,820 **TOTAL:** \$86,510

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Madison County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2017 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a one-story dwelling of frame and brick exterior construction with 2,331 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 2016. Features of the home include a full unfinished basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 621 square foot garage. The property has a 16,700 square foot site and is located in Godfrey, Godfrey Township, Madison County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables that were located on the same street or on the next street as the subject property. The comparables were similar one-story dwellings of frame and brick exterior construction containing from 2,170 to 2,213 square feet of living area. The homes were built from 2005 to 2008 and had other features with varying degrees of similarity to the subject. The

comparables had improvement assessments ranging from \$70,290 to \$73,560 or from \$32.39 to \$33.71 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$86,510. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$74,820 or \$32.10 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on three equity comparables that were located less than 1 mile from the subject property. The comparables were similar one-story dwellings of frame and brick exterior construction containing from 2,126 to 2,411 square feet of living area. The homes were built from 2004 to 2007 and had other features with varying degrees of similarity to the subject. Comparable #2 had an inground swimming pool and its assessment had a home improvement exemption. The comparables had improvement assessments ranging from \$74,470 to \$78,790 or from \$32.68 to \$36.23 per square foot of living area.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of seven comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gave less weight to the board of review's comparables #1 and #2, due to their finished basement area or inground swimming pool features, when compared to the subject. The Board finds the parties' remaining comparables were most similar to the subject in location, style, size and features. These comparables had improvement assessments that ranged from \$70,290 to \$74,470 or from \$32.39 to \$34.04 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$74,820 or \$32.10 per square foot of living area falls above the range established by the best comparables in this record on a total improvement assessment basis and below on a per square foot basis. However, after adjusting the comparables for differences when compared to the subject, such as its newer construction date, the Board finds the subject's improvement assessment is well justified. Based on this record the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

The constitutional provision for uniformity of taxation and valuation does not require mathematical equality. A practical uniformity, rather than an absolute one, is the test. Apex Motor Fuel Co. v. Barrett, 20 Ill.2d 395 (1960). Although the comparables presented by the parties disclosed that the properties located in the same area are not assessed at identical levels, all that the constitution requires is a practical uniformity, which exists on the basis of the evidence.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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| Cha | airman |
| C. R. | Robert Stoffen |
| Member | Member |
| Dan Dikini | Sarah Bokley |
| Member | Member |
| DISSENTING: | |

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

| Date: | April 21, 2020 |
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| | Mauro Illorios |
| | Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board |

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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