



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Thomas Terrill  
DOCKET NO.: 16-35641.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 04-23-402-056-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Thomas Terrill, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld and Associates, LLC in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$4,810  
**IMPR.:** \$74,052  
**TOTAL:** \$78,862

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2016 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of masonry exterior construction with 3,366 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 23 years old. Features of the home include a full unfinished basement, central air conditioning, one fireplace and a two-car garage. The property has a 5,345 square foot site and is located in Northfield, Northfield Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-78 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends improvement assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on three equity comparables located in the same neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are improved with class 2-78

dwellings<sup>1</sup> of frame or frame and masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 3,471 to 3,652 square feet of living area. The comparables range in age from 1 to 47 years old. Each comparable has a partial or a full basement with one having finished area. Two comparables have central air conditioning. Each comparable has one or two fireplaces and a two-car or a three-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$55,771 to \$60,510 or from \$15.27 to \$17.00 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested that the improvement assessment be reduced to \$55,101 or \$16.37 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$78,862. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$74,052 or \$22.00 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables located in the same neighborhood code, in the same block and on the same street as the subject property. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings of masonry or frame and masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 2,743 to 3,503 square feet of living area. The comparables range in age from 21 to 29 years old. Each comparable has a partial or a full basement with one having finished area. Each comparable has central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces and a two-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$65,311 to \$83,508 or from \$23.04 to \$23.84 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested the assessment be confirmed.

### **Conclusion of Law**

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted seven suggested comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gave most weight to the board of review's comparables #2 and #4 as they are similar to the subject property in location, design, dwelling size, age, foundation and features. These comparables have improvement assessments of \$77,627 and \$78,273 or \$23.06 and \$23.04 per square foot of living area, respectively. The subject's improvement assessment of \$74,052 or \$22.00 per square foot of living area is supported by the best comparables in this record. Therefore, the Board finds the evidence supports the subject's assessment. The Board gave less weight to the appellant's comparables due to their dissimilar ages when compared to the subject. The Board gave less weight to the board of review's comparable #1 due to its dissimilar partial finished basement in contrast to the subject's full unfinished basement and the board of review's comparable #3 for its smaller dwelling size when compared to the subject. Based on this record,

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<sup>1</sup> The appellant did not disclose the story height in the assessment grid analysis. The photographs submitted by the appellant were insufficient to determine the story height for all comparables in this record.

the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Chairman





\_\_\_\_\_  
Member

\_\_\_\_\_  
Member





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Member

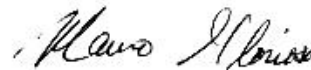
\_\_\_\_\_  
Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: January 21, 2020



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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois  
Property Tax Appeal Board  
William G. Stratton Building, Room 402  
401 South Spring Street  
Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Thomas Terrill, by attorney:  
Robert Rosenfeld  
Robert H. Rosenfeld and Associates, LLC  
33 North Dearborn Street  
Suite 1850  
Chicago, IL 60602

COUNTY

Cook County Board of Review  
County Building, Room 601  
118 North Clark Street  
Chicago, IL 60602