

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANTS:	Marilyn and Joseph Castro
DOCKET NO.:	16-35612.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.:	04-07-109-002-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Marilyn and Joseph Castro, the appellants, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld and Associates, LLC in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>No Change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the Cook County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	\$13,090
IMPR.:	\$39,361
TOTAL:	\$52,451

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellants timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2016 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a one-story dwelling of masonry exterior construction with 2,647 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 39 years old. Features of the home include a partial unfinished basement, central air conditioning, one fireplace and a 2-car garage. The property has a 12,467 square foot site and is located in Northbrook, Northfield Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-04 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellants contend improvement assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellants submitted information on three equity comparables located in the same neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are improved with one-story dwellings of masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 2,790 to 3,000 square feet of living area. The comparables are either 48 or 49 years old. Each comparable has a partial or a full unfinished

basement, central air conditioning and a 2-car garage. One comparable has one fireplace. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$35,597 to \$38,277 or \$12.76 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellants requested that the improvement assessment be reduced to \$33,776 or \$12.76 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$52,451. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$39,361 or \$14.87 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables located in the same neighborhood code as the subject property. Two comparables are located within .25 of a mile of the subject. The comparables are improved with one-story dwellings of masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 2,464 to 2,710 square feet of living area. The comparables are either 37 or 39 years old. Each comparable has a partial or a full basement with one having finished area. Each comparable has central air conditioning and a 2-car or a 2.5-car garage. Three comparables have one fireplace. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$39,460 to \$47,505 or from \$16.01 to \$17.94 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested the assessment be confirmed.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayers contend assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellants did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted seven suggested comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gave most weight to the board of review's comparables #1, #3 and #4 as they are most similar to the subject property in location, design, exterior construction, age, dwelling size, and features. These comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$39,460 to \$43,387 or \$16.01 and \$16.54 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$39,361 or \$14.87 per square foot of living area is supported by the best comparables in this record. The Board gave less weight to the remaining comparables due to their dissimilar foundations, larger dwelling size and/or finished basement when compared to the subject. Based on this record, the Board finds the appellants did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

December 23, 2019

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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND</u> <u>EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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