

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Winston Potter
DOCKET NO.: 16-30647.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 32-34-202-018-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Winston Potter, the appellant, by attorney John S. Xydakis, of the Law Offices of John S. Xydakis in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$3,267 **IMPR.:** \$11,322 **TOTAL:** \$14,589

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2016 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 1-story dwelling of frame construction. The dwelling is approximately 16 years old and has 1,800 square feet of living area. Features of the home include a full unfinished basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 2-car garage. The property has a 65,340 square-foot site and is located in Steger, Bloom Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-03 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. The subject's improvement assessment is at issue in this appeal; the land assessment is not being contested. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables with the same neighborhood and classification codes as the subject. The comparables are improved with one, 1½-story and three, 1-story dwellings of frame construction. The dwellings are from

53 to 106 years old and contain from 1,429 to 1,683 square feet of living area. Two comparables have partial basements. Information regarding garages was not provided on the appellant's grid analysis; however, the appellant's photographic evidence revealed that at least one comparable has a garage. The appellant also submitted a map which revealed that one comparable was located near the subject property. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$4,586 to \$6,473 or from \$3.20 to \$3.85 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment to \$6,696 or \$3.72 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" wherein the subject's final assessment of \$14,589 was disclosed. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$11,322 or \$6.29 per square foot of living area. The board of review presented descriptions and assessment information on three comparable properties with the same neighborhood and classification codes as the subject. The comparables are improved with 1-story dwellings of frame or masonry construction. The dwellings are from 13 to 60 years old and contain from 1,450 to 1,661 square feet of living area. Two comparables have full basements, with one having finished area. Another comparable has a concrete slab foundation. Two comparables have central air conditioning, and one has two fireplaces. Each comparable has a garage, either 1½-car or 2-car. The board of review's comparable properties have improvement assessments ranging from \$7,133 to \$11,778 or from \$4.92 to \$7.09 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties presented assessment data on a total of seven suggested comparables. The Board finds the appellant's comparables and board of review comparables #1 and #3 differed significantly from the subject in age. In addition, the appellant's comparables #2 and #3 and board of review comparable #3 also differed in foundation. As a result, the appellant's comparables and board of review comparables #1 and #3 received reduced weight in the Board's analysis. The Board finds the only comparable similar to the subject was board of review comparable #2. This comparable had the same neighborhood code as the subject and was very similar in story height, exterior construction, age, living area and nearly all features. Board of review comparable #1 had an improvement assessment of \$11,778 or \$7.09 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$11,322 or \$6.29 per square foot of living area is less than the improvement assessment of the best comparable in this record. Based on this record, the Board finds the appellant was not able to demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

said office.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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<u>C E R T I</u>	FICATION
	l Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do ll and complete Final Administrative Decision of the

Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

Mauro Illorias

May 21, 2019

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Date:

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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