



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Darlene Saller  
DOCKET NO.: 16-21539.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 28-30-206-057-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Darlene Saller, the appellant, by attorney John S. Xydakis, of the Law Offices of John S. Xydakis in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$2,535  
**IMPR.:** \$9,987  
**TOTAL:** \$12,522

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2016 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a one-story dwelling of frame construction. The dwelling is 59 years old and has 936 square feet of living area and a full finished basement. The property has a 7,800 square-foot site and is located in Tinley Park, Bremen Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-02 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables with the same neighborhood and classification codes as the subject. The comparables are improved with one-story dwellings of frame construction. The dwellings are either 63 or 84 years old and contain from 804 to 888 square feet of living area. Three comparables have basements. Information regarding garages was not provided on the appellant's grid analysis; however, the appellant's

photographic evidence revealed that at least one comparable has a garage. Although the appellant did not provide information on the grid analysis regarding the appellant's proximity to the subject, the appellant submitted a map which revealed the comparables were located within a half-mile of the subject property. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$5,771 to \$8,152 or from \$7.18 to \$9.18 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment to \$7,254 or \$7.75 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" wherein the subject's final assessment of \$12,522 was disclosed. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$9,987 or \$10.67 per square foot of living area. The board of review presented descriptions and assessment information on three comparable properties. The dwellings have the same neighborhood and classification codes as the subject and were described as being located on the same block as the subject property. The comparables are improved with one-story dwellings of frame construction. The dwellings are 59 or 60 years old and contain from 888 to 1,378 square feet of living area. Each comparable has a full unfinished basement and a garage, either one and one-half car or two-car. One comparable has central air conditioning. The board of review's comparable properties have improvement assessments ranging from \$12,262 to \$14,105 or from \$10.24 to \$13.88 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

### **Conclusion of Law**

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties presented assessment data on a total of seven suggested comparables. The Board finds the appellant's comparables #1 through #3 were significantly older than the subject and comparable #4 lacked a basement. As a result, the appellant's comparables received reduced weight in the Board's analysis. Board of review comparable #1 had significantly more living area than the subject and also received reduced weight. The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be board of review comparables #2 and #3. The Board finds these comparables were very similar to the subject in location, one-story design, frame construction, age, living area and foundation. Board of review comparables #2 and #3 had improvement assessments of \$12,262 and \$12,327 or \$13.62 and \$13.88 per square foot of living area, respectively. The subject's improvement assessment of \$9,987 or \$10.67 per square foot of living area falls below the improvement assessments of the best comparables in this record. After considering adjustments to the comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Chairman



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Member

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Member



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Member

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Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: May 21, 2019



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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois  
Property Tax Appeal Board  
William G. Stratton Building, Room 402  
401 South Spring Street  
Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Darlene Saller, by attorney:  
John S. Xydakis  
Law Offices of John S. Xydakis  
30 North Michigan Avenue  
Suite 402  
Chicago, IL 60602

COUNTY

Cook County Board of Review  
County Building, Room 601  
118 North Clark Street  
Chicago, IL 60602