



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Joseph Dooley
DOCKET NO.: 16-21333.001-R-1 through 16-21333.002-R-1
PARCEL NO.: See Below

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Joseph Dooley, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld and Associates, LLC in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the Cook County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

DOCKET NO	PARCEL NUMBER	LAND	IMPRVMT	TOTAL
16-21333.001-R-1	05-16-106-005-0000	32,780	85,739	\$118,519
16-21333.002-R-1	05-16-106-012-0000	17,661	0	\$17,661

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2016 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of two parcels, 05-16-106-005-0000 and 05-16-106-012-0000. One parcel (106-005) is improved with a 2-story masonry dwelling containing 3,172 square feet of living area. The dwelling is 86 years old and features a partial basement with finished area, 2 fireplaces and a 2-car garage. The subject is located in Winnetka, New Trier Township, Cook County. It is classified as a Class 2-06 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on three, 2-story, Class 2-06 comparables. The comparables have the same neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables range in age from 63 to 110 years old and range in size from 3,192 to 3,671 square feet of living area. Two comparables feature basements, one with finished area, and one comparable is on a slab

foundation. The comparables feature fireplaces and 2-car garages. Two have central air conditioning. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$80,899 to \$88,924 or from \$23.50 to \$25.34 per square foot of living area. The appellant's attorney submitted an Addendum to Petition disclosing the board of review assessments for each parcel. Parcel 106-005 has a land assessment of \$32,780 and an improvement assessment of \$85,739. Parcel 106-012 has a land assessment of \$17,661 and an improvement assessment of \$0. The appellant submitted a copy of the 2016 final decision issued by the Cook County Board of Review disclosing the subject was a Class 2-06 property and establishing a total assessment for parcel 106-005 of \$118,519 as well as a total assessment for parcel 106-012 of \$17,661. The combined total assessment for the subject issued by the board of review is \$136,180. Based on this evidence the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment for parcel 106-005 be reduced to \$59,609¹ or \$18.79 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the improvement assessment for parcel 106-005 is \$85,739 or \$27.03 per square foot of living area. The board of review presented no evidence on parcel 106-012.

In support of the assessment the board of review submitted information on four, 2-story, Class 2-06 comparables. Although two have different neighborhood codes than the subject, one comparable is located on the same street and same block as the subject, one is in the same tax block as the subject, and two are located within a quarter-mile of the subject. The comparables range in age from 88 to 128 years old and range in size from 2,958 to 4,413 square feet of living area. The comparables feature basements, two with finished areas, central air conditioning, 1 to 4 fireplaces, and 2-car garages. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$95,188 to \$119,416 or from \$27.06 to \$32.18 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

Initially the Board finds only parcel 05-16-106-005-0000 has an improvement so only that parcel will be analyzed for equity. The parties submitted a total of seven comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to appellant's comparable #1 due to its slab foundation when compared to the subject's finished basement. The Board also gives less weight

¹ On the appeal form in Section 2c, the appellant requests the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$59,609 or a total assessment for the subject of \$110,050. On the Addendum to Petition the appellant requests the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$74,728 or a total assessment for the subject of \$125,169. In the brief, the appellant's attorney requests the subject's total assessment be reduced to \$110,050.

to board of review comparables #3 and #4 due to their older dwelling or larger dwelling size when compared to the subject. The Board gives more weight to appellant's comparables #2 and #3 as well as board of review comparables #1 and #2 which have varying degrees of similarity to the subject in location, age, style, dwelling size and features. These comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$80,899 to \$107,148 or from \$24.22 to \$28.32 per square foot of living area. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$85,739 or \$27.03 per square foot of living area which is within the range established by the most similar comparables in the record. After considering adjustments to the comparables for differences to the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment based on inequity is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: June 18, 2019



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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