

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Molood Naghizbzabeh DOCKET NO.: 16-20753.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 01-03-400-031-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Molood Naghizbzabeh, the appellant, by attorney Noah J. Schmidt, of Schmidt Salzman & Moran, Ltd. in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$17,787 IMPR.: \$45,737 TOTAL: \$63,524

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

#### **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2016 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

#### **Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a 1-story dwelling of frame and masonry construction. The dwelling is approximately 38 years old and has 2,459 square feet of living area. Features of the home include a full finished basement, central air conditioning, two fireplaces and a 4-car garage. The property has a 237,167 square-foot site and is located in Barrington Hills, Barrington Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-04 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on five equity comparables with the same neighborhood and classification codes as the subject. The comparables are improved with three, 1-story and two, 1½-story dwellings of frame, masonry or frame and masonry construction. The dwellings are from 48 to 62 years old and contain from 2,211 to 2,936 square feet of living area.

Two comparables have central air conditioning. The comparables have one or two fireplaces and garages, either 2-car or  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -car. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$37,687 to \$48,815 or from \$16.03 to \$17.07 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment to \$41,729 or \$16.97 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" wherein the subject's final assessment of \$63,524 was disclosed. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$45,737 or \$18.60 per square foot of living area. The board of review presented descriptions and assessment information on three comparable properties that have the same neighborhood and classification codes as the subject. Two of the comparables were described as being located on the same block as the subject property. The comparables are improved with two, 1-story and one, 1½-story dwellings of frame and masonry or stucco construction. The dwellings are from 13 to 63 years old and contain from 3,386 to 4,017 square feet of living area. Two comparables have full or partial basements, with one having finished area. Another comparable has a concrete slab foundation. The comparables have central air conditioning; one or two fireplaces; and garages that range from 2-car to 3-car. The comparable properties have improvement assessments that range from \$67,839 to \$83,425 or from \$20.04 to \$21.91 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

## **Conclusion of Law**

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties presented assessment data on a total of eight suggested comparables. The Board finds that none of the comparables are sufficiently similar to the subject property. The Board finds that each comparable differs from the subject in two or three characteristics (e.g., age, living area, story height, foundation and/or central air conditioning). The Board takes note that the eight comparables submitted for this appeal have improvement assessments that range from \$16.03 to \$21.91 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$18.60 per square foot of living area falls within this range. Based upon this record, the Board finds the subject's per square foot improvement assessment is equitable and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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DISSENTING:	ERTIFICATION
As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.	
Date:	August 20, 2019

### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

## PARTIES OF RECORD

### **AGENCY**

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

### **APPELLANT**

Molood Naghizbzabeh, by attorney: Noah J. Schmidt Schmidt Salzman & Moran, Ltd. 111 West Washington Street Suite 1300 Chicago, IL 60602

### **COUNTY**

Cook County Board of Review County Building, Room 601 118 North Clark Street Chicago, IL 60602