

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Ron Shaw

DOCKET NO.: 16-05359.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 06-01-110-008

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Ron Shaw, the appellant, by attorney Brian S. Maher, of Weis, DuBrock, Doody & Maher in Chicago; and the DuPage County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **DuPage** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$85,730 **IMPR.:** \$118,180 **TOTAL:** \$203,910

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the DuPage County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2016 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of frame and brick exterior construction with 2,418 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1926. Features of the home include a basement, central air conditioning and a two-car garage. The property has a 10,890-square foot site and is located in Elmhurst, York Township, DuPage County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted limited information¹ on three equity comparables located within .10 of a mile from the subject property. The comparables are improved with one, 1.5-story and two, 2.0-story dwellings that were constructed from 1907 to 1941. All of the comparables have basements, one of which is finished. Two of the comparables have central air

¹ Descriptive information for the appellant's comparables was contained within the board of review's property record cards and grid analysis.

conditioning; one comparable has a fireplace and all three comparables have a two-car garage. The dwellings range in size from 1,490 to 1,872 square feet of living area and have improvement assessments ranging from \$59,900 to \$84,390 or from \$40.20 to \$45.08 per square foot of living area. The appellant requested the total assessment be reduced to \$189,486.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$203,910. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$118,180 or \$48.88 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted property record cards and a grid analysis on eight equity comparables located in the same neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings that were constructed from 1915 to 1932. All eight comparables have basements; seven of which are finished and all eight comparables have central air conditioning and two or three-car garages. Six of the comparables have a fireplace. The dwellings range in size from 2,220 to 2,651 square feet of living area and have improvement assessments ranging from \$109,200 to \$130,490 or from \$49.19 to \$51.24 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted information on a total of 11 suggested equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gave less weight to the appellant's comparables due to their smaller dwelling size and/or difference in dwelling design when compared to the subject property. The Board finds the board of review comparables were more similar to the subject in location, age, dwelling size, design and features. These comparables had improvement assessments ranging from \$49.19 to \$51.24 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$48.88 per square foot of living area falls below the range established by the best comparables in this record. Based on this record, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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	Chairman
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Member	Member
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Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	September 18, 2018
	Stee M Wagner
	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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