

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT:	Scott Achtor
DOCKET NO.:	16-03976.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.:	05-15-311-021

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Scott Achtor, the appellant, by attorney Andrew J. Rukavina, of The Tax Appeal Company in Mundelein; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>*A Reduction*</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the Lake County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	\$62,756
IMPR.:	\$77,557
TOTAL:	\$140,313

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2016 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of wood exterior construction with 2,605 square feet of living area.¹ The dwelling was constructed in 1976. Features of the home include an unfinished basement,² central air conditioning, two fireplaces and a 480-square foot detached garage. The property has an 11,889-square foot site and is located in Ingleside, Grant Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted an appraisal estimating the subject property had a market value of \$240,000

¹ The Board finds the best evidence of dwelling size is contained within the board of review's property record cards as they contain schematic drawings and calculations of the dwelling size.

² The parties report differences regarding basement finish. The Board finds the best evidence is contained within the appellant's January 2016 appraisal which indicated the appraiser inspected the subject property for the report.

as of January 1, 2016. The appraisal was prepared by William P. Neberieza, a certified residential real estate appraiser. In estimating the market value of the subject property, the appraiser developed the sales comparison approach to value.

Under the sales comparison approach, the appraiser analyzed three comparable sales located from 1.92 to 2.83 miles from the subject property. The comparables consist of one, one-story and two, two-story dwellings that range in age from 42 to 75 years old. The dwellings had features with varying degrees of similarity when compared to the subject. The dwellings range in size from 1,776 to 1,984 square feet of living area and are situated on sites that range in size from 8,472 to 12,500 square feet of land area. The comparables sold from June 2015 to May 2016 for prices ranging from \$181,000 to \$190,000 or from \$95.77 to \$101.91 per square foot of living area including land. The appraiser made adjustments to each comparable for differences from the subject property to arrive at adjusted prices ranging from \$233,200 to \$242,300. The appellant requested the total assessment be reduced to \$79,992 which would reflect the appraised value.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the subject's final assessment of \$150,308. The subject's assessment reflects an estimated market value of \$453,281 or \$174.00 per square foot of living area including land when applying Lake County's 2016 three-year average median level of assessment of 33.16% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue. 86 Ill.Admin.Code \$1910.50(c)(1).

In support of the subject's assessment, the board of review submitted information on four comparable sales located within 1.04 miles from the subject property. The comparables consist of one, two-story dwelling and three, one-story dwellings that were built from 1958 to 1987. The dwellings had features with varying degrees of similarity when compared to the subject. The dwellings range in size from 1,363 to 2,816 square feet of living area and are situated on sites that range in size from 12,571 to 19,785 square feet of land area. The comparables sold from October 2014 to October 2016 for prices ranging from \$325,000 to \$400,000 or from \$139.56 to \$293.47 per square foot of living area including land. The board of review submission included property record cards for the subject and its four comparable sales.

The board of review submission also included a memo asserting that the subject has a partially finished basement and the subject "benefits from its Redhead Lake lakefront site." Also included in the submission is a map indicating the appraisal's comparable sales exceed 1.75 miles from the subject property. The assessor contends all three sales are located on inferior channel front sites in comparison to the subject's location. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

In written rebuttal, counsel for the appellant critiqued the board of review's submission.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or

construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The record contains an appraisal submitted by the appellant and information on four comparable sales provided by the board of review. The Board gives the final opinion of value found in the appraisal little weight due to lack of adjustments for age, dwelling design and view. The Board will consider the raw sales data.

The Board gave less weight to the appellant's appraisal comparable sale #1 due to its older age and distant location when compared to the subject property. The Board also gave little weight to the appellant's appraisal comparable sales #2 and #3 and the board of review's comparable sales #2 and #3 due to their smaller dwelling size when compared to the subject property. Furthermore, the Board gave less weight to the board of review's comparable sale #1 due to its 2014 sale date which is not proximate in time for the January 1, 2016 assessment date at issue. The Board finds the board of review's comparable sale #4 sold more proximate in time to the subject's assessment date and is more similar to the subject in location, dwelling size, design, exterior construction and features. It sold October 2016 for \$393,000 or \$139.56 per square foot of living area including land. The subject's assessment reflects an estimated market value of \$453,281 or \$174.00 per square foot of living area including land, which falls above the most similar comparable sale contained in the record. Based on this evidence the Board finds the subject is overvalued and a reduction in the assessment is justified. Since market value has been established, the three-year median level of assessments for Lake County for 2016 of 33.16% shall be applied. This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Mano Moino Chairman Member Member Member Member DISSENTING:

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

September 18, 2018

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND</u> <u>EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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APPELLANT

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