



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Rob Pento  
DOCKET NO.: 16-03633.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 13-10-401-032

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Rob Pento, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$44,978  
**IMPR.:** \$161,871  
**TOTAL:** \$206,849

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2016 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of brick and wood siding exterior construction with 3,847 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 2006. Features of the home include an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 734 square foot garage. The property has a 48,581 square foot site and is located in Lake Barrington, Cuba Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on nine comparable sales located between .49 of a mile and 1.99 miles from the subject property. The comparables consist of two-story dwellings of brick or wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 3,502 to 4,281 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed from 1979 to 2001. The comparables each have a basement, with five having finished areas. In addition, each comparable has central air conditioning, one to

four fireplaces and a garage ranging in size from 615 to 848 square feet of building area. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 39,734 to 77,972 square feet of land area. The comparables sold from July 2014 to November 2015 for prices ranging from \$449,000 to \$650,000 or from \$127.82 to \$158.33 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on the comparable sales evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$206,849. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$623,791 or \$162.15 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2016 three-year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.16% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four comparable sales that are located between .93 of a mile and 1.99 miles from the subject property. Board of review comparable #2 and the appellant's comparable #8 are the same property. The comparables were improved with two-story dwellings of brick or brick and wood siding exterior construction that range in size from 3,111 to 3,924 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed from 1989 to 2001. Each comparable has a finished basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a garage ranging in size from 638 to 829 square feet of building area. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 48,675 to 77,972 square feet of land area. These properties sold in May or June 2015 for prices ranging from \$575,000 to \$740,000 or from \$158.00 to \$206.96 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on the comparable sales evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

### **Conclusion of Law**

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and no reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The parties submitted 12 suggested comparable sales, including one common comparable for the Board's consideration. The Board gave less weight to the parties' common comparable, the appellant's comparables #1, #2, #4 and #9, along with board of review comparables #1, #2 and #4 due to their dissimilar dwelling ages and/or their less proximate locations to the subject property. Furthermore, the appellant's comparable #6 sold in 2014 which is dated and less likely to be indicative of the subject's market value as of the January 1, 2016 assessment date.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be appellant's comparable sales #3, #5 and #7, along with board of review comparable sale #3. These comparables are more similar to the subject in location, design, dwelling size, age and features. The comparables sold from March to June 2015 for prices ranging from \$575,000 to \$720,000 or from \$136.65 to \$206.96 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$623,791 or \$162.15 per square foot of living area, including land, which falls within the range established

by the best comparable sales in this record. After considering adjustments to the comparable sales for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds no reduction in the subject's estimated market value as reflected by its assessment is justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Chairman



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Member

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Member



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Member

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Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: September 17, 2019



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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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COUNTY

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