



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: John Hillebrand
DOCKET NO.: 16-03558.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 02-36-101-083

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are John Hillebrand, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$13,449
IMPR.: \$44,381
TOTAL: \$57,830

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2016 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a tri-level dwelling of frame exterior construction with 1,130 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1986. Features of the home include a finished lower level, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 420 square foot garage. The property has a 9,885 square foot site and is located in Lindenhurst, Lake Villa Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on six comparable sales located within .27 of a mile of the subject property. The comparables were described as two, split-level and four, tri-level dwellings of frame exterior construction ranging in size from 1,080 to 1,370 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed from 1978 to 1987. The comparables each have finished lower levels, central air conditioning and garages ranging in size from 460 to 624 square feet of

building area. Additionally, two comparables have partial basements with one having finished area and five comparables have fireplaces. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 9,100 to 12,014 square feet of land area. The comparables sold from September 2014 to February 2016 for prices ranging from \$164,900 to \$179,900 or from \$126.28 to \$152.69 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$57,830. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$174,397 or \$154.33 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2016 three-year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.16% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four comparable sales located within .372 of a mile of the subject property. Comparables #1 and #2 are the same properties as the appellant's comparables #2 and #5. The comparables contain tri-level dwellings of frame exterior construction ranging in size from 1,052 to 1,150 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed from 1984 to 1986. The comparables each have finished lower levels, central air conditioning and garages ranging in size from 480 to 576 square feet of building area. Additionally, two comparables have fireplaces. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 9,248 to 9,503 square feet of land area. The comparables sold from September 2014 to August 2015 for prices ranging from \$165,900 to \$210,000 or from \$144.26 to \$199.62 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and no reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The parties submitted eight comparable sales for the Board's consideration which includes the two common comparables. The Board gave less weight to the parties common comparable shown as appellant's comparable #5 and board of review comparable #2 as the sale in 2014 is dated and less likely to be indicative of the subject's market value as of the January 1, 2016 assessment date. The Board also gave less weight to the appellant's comparables #1 and #6 due to their dissimilar bi-level design, along with comparables #3 and #4 due to their superior basement foundations when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the parties' remaining common comparable, along with comparable sales #3 and #4 submitted by the board of review. These three comparables are most similar to the subject in location, size, design, age and features. These comparables sold from January 2015 to August 2015 for prices ranging from \$165,900 to \$210,000 or from \$144.26 to \$199.62 per square foot of living area, including land. The

subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$174,397 or \$154.33 per square foot of living area, land included, which falls within the range established by the most similar comparable sales in this record. After considering adjustments to the comparable sales for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the estimated market value as reflected by the assessment is supported and no reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman



Member

Member



Member

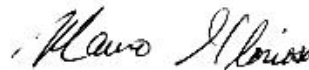
Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: August 20, 2019



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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