

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Lee Cotton

DOCKET NO.: 16-03409.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 16-29-205-012

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Lee Cotton, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$43,012 **IMPR.:** \$271,137 **TOTAL:** \$314,149

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

### **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2016 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

#### **Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of brick exterior construction with 3,936 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 2004. The property is located in Deerfield, West Deerfield Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on three comparable sales. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's total assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the subject's final assessment of \$314,149. In support of the subject's assessment, the board of review submitted a copy of the Final Administrative Decision rendered by the Property Tax Appeal Board for the 2015 tax year in Docket No. 15-02926.001-R-1 in which the subject's assessment

was reduced to \$295,170. The board of review explained that the tax year 2015 was the beginning of the general assessment period that runs through the 2018 tax year. The board of review indicated the subject was an owner occupied dwelling. The board of review contends the subject's assessment for the 2016 tax year is equivalent to the assessment as established by the Property Tax Appeal Board's prior year's decision plus application of the township equalization factor of 1.0643 in accordance with Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-185) Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

## **Conclusion of Law**

The Property Tax Appeal Board finds the subject property is an owner-occupied residence that was the matter of an appeal before the Board for the 2015 tax year under Docket Number 15-02926.001-R-1. In that appeal, the Board rendered a decision lowering the assessment of the subject property to \$295,170 based on the evidence submitted by the parties.

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-185) provides in part:

If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel on which a residence occupied by the owner is situated, such reduced assessment, subject to equalization, shall remain in effect for the remainder of the general assessment period as provided in Sections 9-215 through 9-225, unless that parcel is subsequently sold in an arm's length transaction establishing a fair cash value for the parcel that is different from the fair cash value on which the Board's assessment is based, or unless the decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board is reversed or modified upon review.

The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code is controlling in this appeal. (35 ILCS 200/16-185). Thus, the valuation evidence submitted by the appellant received no weight. The Board finds that the record shows the subject property is an owner-occupied residence and that the 2015 and 2016 tax years are within the same general assessment period. There was no evidence showing the subject property sold establishing a different fair cash value on which the Board's assessment is based; and the decision of the Board was not reversed or modified upon review, which satisfies the statutory provisions of section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code. (35 ILCS 200/16-185). The evidence submitted by the board of review shows an equalization factor of 1.0643 was issued in West Deerfield Township for the 2016 tax year. Applying section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-185) to the Board's prior 2015 decision, results in an assessment of \$314,149. (\$295,170 x 1.0643 = \$314,149). Therefore, the Board finds the assessment of \$314,149 is correct and complies with the statutory mandate provided by section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code. (35 ILCS 200/16-185). Based on this analysis, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that no reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

said office.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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DISSENTING:	
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As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Bohereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full an	-

Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this September 17, 2019

> Mano Illorios Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

#### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Date:

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

## PARTIES OF RECORD

## **AGENCY**

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

## **APPELLANT**

Lee Cotton, by attorney: Ronald Kingsley Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC 13975 W. Polo Trail Drive #201 Lake Forest, IL 60045

## **COUNTY**

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085