

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Clara Sorrentino DOCKET NO.: 16-03353.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 16-22-407-005

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Clara Sorrentino, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$48,408 **IMPR.:** \$22,252 **TOTAL:** \$70,660

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2016 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a one-story dwelling of wood siding exterior construction with 1,038 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1953. Features of the home include a crawl space foundation and a 231 square foot garage. The property has a 7,635 square foot site and is located in Highland Park, Moraine Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on five comparable sales located within .76 of a mile of the subject property. The comparables are described as one-story dwellings of wood siding or brick exterior construction ranging in size from 744 to 1,906 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed from 1948 to 1967. Two comparables have full basements with finished area and three comparables have either slab or crawl space foundations. In addition, four comparables have central air conditioning, three comparables have one or two fireplaces and

each comparable has a garage ranging in size from 231 to 528 square feet of building area. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 7,278 to 14,560 square feet of land area. The comparables sold from March 2014 to May 2015 for prices ranging from \$112,000 to \$364,500 or from \$150.54 to \$207.35 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's total assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$70,660. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$213,088 or \$205.29 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2016 three year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.16% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of the subject's assessment, the board of review submitted information on four properties, one of which was reported to have sold twice. The comparables are described as one-story dwellings of brick exterior construction ranging in size from 925 to 1,158 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed from 1943 to 1955. Three comparables have full basements, with two having finished area and one comparable has a crawl-space foundation. In addition, three comparables have central air conditioning, two comparables have a fireplace and three comparables each have a garage ranging in size from 200 to 484 square feet of building area. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 6,578 to 8,024 square feet of land area. The comparables sold from July 2014 to December 2016 for prices ranging from \$215,000 to \$280,000 or from \$197.89 to \$241.80 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested that the subject property's assessment be confirmed.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The Board finds the parties submitted nine comparables for consideration, one of which has sold twice. The Board gave less weight to the appellant's comparables based on their dissimilar dwelling sizes when compared to the subject. In addition, appellant's comparables #1, #2 and #3 along with the board of review comparable #3 sold in 2014 which was less proximate in time to the subject's January 1, 2016 assessment date.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value for the subject property to be the remaining three properties submitted by the board of review where one property sold twice. The comparables sold from May 2015 to December 2016 for prices ranging from \$215,000 to \$230,000 or from \$197.89 to \$232.43 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$213,088 or \$205.29 square foot of living area, including land which is well supported by the best comparable sales in the record. After considering any necessary adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the

subject, the Board finds the subject's estimated market value as reflected by its assessment is supported.

Based on this record, the Board finds the appellant failed to demonstrate by a preponderance of the evidence that the subject was overvalued and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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DISSENTING:	
CERTI	FICATION
As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do	

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: September 17, 2019

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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085