

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Marc Fenton
DOCKET NO.: 16-03119.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 15-28-310-054

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Marc Fenton, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$48,271 **IMPR.:** \$120,046 **TOTAL:** \$168,317

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2016 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story single-family dwelling of wood-siding exterior construction with 2,422 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1988. Features of the home include a full basement with a partially finished area, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 420 square foot attached garage. The property has a 15,706 square foot site and is located in the city of Buffalo Grove, Vernon Township, Lake County.

The appellant's appeal is based on overvaluation. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four comparable sales located from .06 to .22 of a mile from the subject property. The comparables are described as two-story single-family dwellings of wood-siding exterior construction containing either 2,556 or 2,758 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed in either 1989 or 1990. Features of the comparables include full basements with some finished area, central air conditioning, a fireplace and attached garages of either 420 or 441 square feet of building area. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 8,750 to 11,935 square feet of land area. The comparables sold from May 2015 to June 2016 for

prices ranging from \$435,000 to \$500,000 or from \$157.72 to \$191.71 per square foot of living area including land. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's total assessment to \$152,571 or \$188.98 per square foot of living area, including land.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$168,317. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$507,590 or \$209.57 per square foot of living area including land, when applying the 2016 three-year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.16% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

The board of review submitted information on four comparable sales located from .107 to .174 of a mile from the subject property. The comparables are improved with two-story single-family dwellings of wood-siding exterior construction that range in size from 2,279 to 2,483 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed between 1985 and 1990. The comparables feature full basements with two having a finished area, central air conditioning, a fireplace, and a garage ranging in size between 420 and 483 square feet of building area. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 8,755 to 11,613 square feet of land area. The comparables sold from February 2015 to August 2017 for prices ranging from \$490,000 to \$599,000 or from \$203.66 to \$244.89 per square foot of living area including land. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested that the subject property's assessment be affirmed.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The Board finds the parties submitted eight suggested sale comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gave less weight to the board of review comparable #2 due to the date of sale being nineteen months after the subject's January 2016 assessment date and, therefore, less indicative of market value. The Board gave less weight to appellant's comparable #4 and board of review comparable #4 due to these comparables having significantly smaller lots when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be appellant's comparable sales #1, #2 and #3, as well as board of review comparable sales #1 and #3. The Board finds these comparables are most similar to the subject in location, site size, dwelling size, age, design and features. The comparables are also identified as "qualified" which is more indicative of their fair market value. These comparables sold for prices ranging between \$435,000 and \$599,000 or \$157.72 and \$244.89 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$507,590 or \$209.57 per square foot of living area, including land, which is within the

¹ The Board notes that the subject property has a pool and an extra concrete patio as reflected on the property record card, unlike any of the comparables submitted.

range established by the best comparable sales in this record. After considering adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds that the appellant did not demonstrate by a preponderance of the evidence that the subject was overvalued and, therefore, the subject's estimated market value as reflected by its assessment is supported. Based on this record, the Board finds that a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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	Chairman
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Member	Member
Robert Stoffen	Dan De Kinin
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	January 15, 2019	
	Star M Wagner	
	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board	

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review 18 North County Street 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085