

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

 APPELLANT:
 AMH 2014-2 Borrower LLC AT

 DOCKET NO.:
 16-00929.001-R-1

 PARCEL NO.:
 21-14-22-108-003-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are AMH 2014-2 Borrower LLC AT, the appellant, by attorney Michael R. Davies, of Ryan Law LLP, in Chicago, and the Will County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>No Change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Will** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	\$ 9,828
IMPR.:	\$38,744
TOTAL:	\$48,572

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Will County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2016 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a part two-story and part one-story dwelling of frame construction with 1,637 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 2000. Features of the home include a partial basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 488 square foot garage. The property has a 10,356 square foot site and is located in Monee, Monee Township, Will County.

The appellant's appeal is based on overvaluation. In support of this argument the appellant submitted limited evidence in Section IV – Recent Sale Data of the Residential Appeal petition disclosing the subject property was purchased in December 2013 from "Will County Sheriff" for a price of 102,301. While the appellant was requested to provide additional information to complete the appeal, by letter dated August 10, 2017 by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the appeal was accepted and the board of review was simultaneously, but separately, notified of its

duty to respond to the appeal within 90 days. Based on this limited recent sale evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment to reflect the 2013 purchase price.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$48,572. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$146,037 or \$89.21 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2016 three year average median level of assessment for Will County of 33.26% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

Initially in response to the appeal, the township assessor noted that the sale of the subject property from 2013 was a court-ordered auction sale as depicted in the PTAX-203 concerning the transaction.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four comparable sales identified by the township assessor improved with a two-story and three, part two-story and part one-story dwellings of frame construction ranging in size from 1,390 to 2,113 square feet of living area that were located within the subject's subdivision. The dwellings were constructed between 2000 and 2004 with full or partial basements, central air conditioning and a garage ranging in size from 488 to 514 square feet of building area. Two of the comparables each have a fireplace. The properties sold between March 2015 and September 2016 for prices ranging from \$140,000 to \$183,900 or from \$87.03 to \$110.79 per square foot of living area, including land.

Based on the foregoing evidence and argument, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's estimated market value as reflected by its assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted evidence of the subject's 2013 sale price and four comparable sales to support their respective positions before the Property Tax Appeal Board.

The Board gave little weight to the subject's December 2013 sale due to the fact the sale did not occur as proximate in time to the assessment date at issue of January 1, 2016 as did board of review comparable sales. In addition, there was no evidence presented by the appellant that the sale transaction had any of the elements of an arm's length transaction as there was no indication if the property sold between related parties; there was no indication whether the property was advertised or exposed on the open market prior to the sale; and/or there was no evidence whether the transaction occurred between a willing seller and a willing buyer. Moreover, the board of review established that the sale was a court-ordered auction sale as depicted in the PTAX-203 concerning the transaction suggesting there was duress in the sale.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value in the record to be the comparable sales submitted by the board of review. The comparables were similar to the subject in location, style, construction, size, features and/or age. The properties also sold more proximate in time to the assessment date at issue than the December 2013 sale of the subject property. The comparables sold between March 2015 and September 2016 for prices ranging from \$140,000 to \$183,900 or from \$87.03 to \$110.79 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$146,037 or \$89.21 per square foot of living area, including land, which is within the range of the best comparable sales in this record both in terms of overall value and on a per-square-foot basis.

After considering the comparable sales in the record and adjustments for differences between the properties, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that the subject is not overvalued and no reduction in the assessment of the subject property is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

~ 1 = Fac.	Chairman
Member	Member
Robert Stoffen	Dan Dikini
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

August 20, 2019

Mano Morios

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND</u> <u>EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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