

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Dacs LLC-Series 2 DOCKET NO.: 16-00832.001-R-1

PARCEL NO.: 12-02-12-307-008-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Dacs LLC-Series 2, the appellant, by attorney Michael R. Davies, of the Law Offices of Michael R. Davies, Ltd. in Oak Lawn; and the Will County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Will** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$11,200 IMPR.: \$34,400 TOTAL: \$45,600

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Will County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2016 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story single-family dwelling of unspecified exterior construction with 1,520 square feet of living area.¹ The dwelling was constructed in 1963. Features of the home include a full unfinished basement, central air conditioning, and a garage containing 288 square feet of building area. The property has a 7,584-square foot site and is located in Bolingbrook, DuPage Township, Will County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted limited information on four comparable sales of undisclosed proximity to the

¹ Appellant's grid analysis was void of some pertinent descriptive data for the subject which was drawn from the evidence provided by the board of review.

subject.² The appellant did not challenge the subject's land assessment. The comparables are improved with one-story, two-story or split-level single-family dwellings of unspecified exterior construction ranging in size from 1,372 to 1,550 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed from 1962 to 1964. Three comparables feature a garage ranging in size from 288 to 400 square feet of building area. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 8,037 to 9,904 square feet of land area. The comparables sold from December 2015 to May 2016 for prices ranging from \$60,000 to \$172,000 or from \$41.81 to \$110.97 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's total assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$45,600. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$137,102 or \$90.20 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2016 three-year average median level of assessment for Will County of 33.26% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on five comparable sales located within the same neighborhood code as the subject property as defined by the local assessor. The comparables are improved with two-story single-family dwellings of unspecified exterior construction ranging in size from 1,488 to 1,582 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed from 1962 to 1965. The comparables feature a full unfinished basement, central air-conditioning and a garage containing either 288 or 576 square feet of building area. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 7,586 to 7,978 square feet of land area. The comparables sold from June 2014 to April 2016 for prices ranging from \$155,387 to \$198,600 or from \$101.16 to \$131.05 per square foot of living area, including land. The board of review submitted property record cards for the subject property and their comparables along with PTAX-203 Form for appellant's comparables #1 and #3. In addition, the board of review submitted a brief contesting the accuracy and insufficiency of the appellant's comparables. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested a confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal, the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The Board finds the parties submitted for the Board's consideration a total of nine suggested sale comparables. The Board gave less weight to appellant's comparables due to appellant's grid analysis being void of some pertinent descriptive data such as location and some features of the appellant's comparable sales. Therefore, the Board was unable to make a meaningful

² Some relevant information regarding the appellant's comparables was either missing or incorrect. The Board gleaned this information from the evidence provided by the board of review.

comparison of these sales to the subject property. The Board gave less weight to board of review comparables #3 and #5 based on their June and July 2014 sale dates which are dated and thus less indicative of the market value when compared to the subject's January 1, 2016 assessment date.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be board of review comparable sales #1, #2 and #4. These most similar comparables sold from April 2015 to April 2016 for prices ranging from \$155,387 to \$198,600 or from \$101.16 to \$131.05 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$137,102 or \$90.20 per square foot of living area, land included, which is below the range established by the most similar comparable sales in this record on a total as well as per square foot basis. After considering adjustments to the comparables for differences in size and features when compared to the subject, the Board finds that the appellant did not demonstrate by a preponderance of the evidence that the subject was overvalued. Therefore, the Board finds that the subject's estimated market value as reflected by its assessment is supported. Based on this evidence, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

said office.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairma Z. L. Fa	un
Member	Member
Sobret Stoffen	Dan Dikini
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	
CERTIFICATI	[O N
As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and comp Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the a	olete Final Administrative Decision of the

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Date:

May 21, 2019

Mauro Illorias

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Dacs LLC-Series 2, by attorney: Michael R. Davies Ryan Law LLP 311 South Wacker Drive Mailbox #29 Chicago, IL 60606

COUNTY

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