



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: AMH 2014-2 Borrower LLC A
DOCKET NO.: 16-00592.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 06-03-32-210-015-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are AMH 2014-2 Borrower LLC A, the appellant, by attorney Michael R. Davies, of Ryan Law LLP, in Chicago, and the Will County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the Will County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$15,894
IMPR.: \$61,556
TOTAL: \$77,450

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Will County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2016 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of frame exterior construction with 2,328 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 2003. Features of the home include a full basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 462 square foot garage. The property has an 8,000 square foot site and is located in Plainfield, Plainfield Township, Will County.

The appellant's appeal is based on overvaluation. In support of this argument the appellant disclosed in Section IV – Recent Sale Data of the appeal that the subject property was purchased from "Fannie Mae AKA" in December 2013 for a price of \$210,000. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment to reflect the purchase price.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$77,450. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of

\$232,862 or \$100.03 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2016 three year average median level of assessment for Will County of 33.26% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue. The subject has an improvement assessment of \$61,556 or \$26.44 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on three comparable sales that are located in the same subdivision as the subject property. The comparables are improved with two-story frame dwellings that were built between 1999 and 2001. The homes range in size from 2,161 to 2,404 square feet of living area and feature full basements, central air conditioning and a garage ranging in size from 400 to 462 square feet of building area. Two of the comparables each have a fireplace. The sales occurred in June or July 2016 for prices ranging from \$235,000 to \$249,900 or from \$102.08 to \$108.75 per square foot of living area, including land. These comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$53,647 to \$57,367 or from \$23.47 to \$24.83 per square foot of living area.

Based on this evidence, the board of review requested the subject's total assessment be increased to \$80,665 with an improvement assessment of \$64,771 or \$27.82 per square foot of living area based on the "median sale per square foot" of the comparables presented.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value in the record to be the comparable sales submitted by the board of review. These comparables were similar to the subject in location, style, construction, features and age. These properties also sold proximate in time to the assessment date at issue. The comparables sold for prices ranging from \$235,000 to \$249,900 or from \$102.08 to \$108.75 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$232,862 or \$100.03 per square foot of living area, including land, which is below the range established by the board of review comparables both in terms of overall value and on a per-square-foot basis.

The Board gave little weight to the subject's sale due to the fact the sale did not occur proximate in time to the assessment date at issue. Furthermore, the appellant failed to fully complete Section IV – Recent Sale Data of the appeal and provide evidence demonstrating the purchase had the elements of an arm's-length transaction. Based on this record, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment based on overvaluation is not justified.

The Board denies the board of review request to increase the subject's assessment as the evidence disclosed there exists a practical uniformity of assessments between the comparables presented by the board of review and the subject property. While the subject has an assessment that is higher than the comparables presented, the difference can be justified in part by the subject's

newer age when compared to these comparables. (See Apex Motor Fuel Co. v. Barrett, 20 Ill.2d 395 (1960)). Increasing the subject's assessment as requested by the board of review would result in an inequitable assessment of the subject property in relation to the comparable sales provided by the board of review.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman



Member



Member

Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: September 17, 2019



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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