



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Karunik De
DOCKET NO.: 15-35068.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 13-03-133-031-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Karunik De, the appellant, by attorney Stephanie Park, of Park & Longstreet, P.C. in Rolling Meadows; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **A Reduction** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$15,372
IMPR.: \$36,261
TOTAL: \$51,633

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2015 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a multi-level dwelling of frame exterior construction with 2,133 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 56 years old. Features include a partial finished basement and a one-car detached garage. The property has a 10,980 square foot site and is located in Chicago, Jefferson Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-34 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity¹ as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables located within the same neighborhood assessment code as the subject property. The comparables are improved with multi-level dwellings that range in age from 55 to 62 years old. The comparables had

¹ The appellant's attorney completed section 2d of the Residential Appeal form and marked as if overvaluation was the basis of the appeal, however, the appellant's submission included only equity comparables.

features with varying degrees of similarity when compared to the subject. The dwellings range in size from 1,995 to 2,271 square feet of living area and have improvement assessments ranging from \$30,214 to \$34,105 or from \$14.68 to \$15.94 per square foot of living area. The appellant requested the total assessment be reduced to \$46,679.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$68,771. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$53,399 or \$25.03 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on three equity comparables² located within the same neighborhood assessment code of the subject property. The comparables are improved with multi-level dwellings that range in age from 55 to 58 years old. The comparables had features with varying degrees of similarity when compared to the subject. The dwellings range in size from 2,058 to 2,252 square feet of living area and have improvement assessments ranging from \$33,219 to \$36,350 or from \$15.14 to \$17.66 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

In written rebuttal, counsel for the appellant argued that the board of review's comparables "support the appellant's contention that the subject property is overassessed".

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The parties submitted information on a total of five suggested equity comparables for the Board's consideration with two comparables common to both parties. The Board finds the appellant's comparables and the board of review's comparables are similar when compared to the subject in location, age, dwelling size, design, exterior construction and other features. These comparables had improvement assessments ranging from \$14.68 to \$17.66 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$25.03 per square foot of living area falls above the range established by the comparables in this record. Based on this record, the Board finds the appellant did demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is justified.

² The appellant's comparables #2 and #4 and the board of review's comparables #1 and #2 appear to depict the same properties.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: May 15, 2018



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois
Property Tax Appeal Board
William G. Stratton Building, Room 402
401 South Spring Street
Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Karunik De, by attorney:
Stephanie Park
Park & Longstreet, P.C.
2775 Algonquin Road
Suite 270
Rolling Meadows, IL 60008

COUNTY

Cook County Board of Review
County Building, Room 601
118 North Clark Street
Chicago, IL 60602