

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Jim Fredian

DOCKET NO.: 15-30425.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 20-03-308-027-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Jim Fredian, the appellant, by attorney Abby L. Strauss, of Schiller Strauss & Lavin PC in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$5,985 **IMPR.:** \$19,327 **TOTAL:** \$25,312

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2015 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a three-story, multi-family dwelling of masonry construction. The dwelling is an apartment building that is approximately 107 years old and has 4,737 square feet of living area. Features include three bathrooms, a full unfinished basement and a two-car garage. The property has a 4,275 square foot site and is located in Chicago, Hyde Park Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-11 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on three equity comparables. The comparables have the same assigned neighborhood and classification codes as the subject. The comparables are improved with three-story, multi-family dwellings of masonry construction. The dwellings are from 107 to 127 years old. The comparables had features of varying degrees of similarity

when compared to the subject. The appellant's grid analysis indicates the dwellings range in size from 4,254 to 4,650 square feet of living area, and their improvement assessments range from \$12,213 to \$15,421 or from \$2.63 to \$3.42 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment to \$14,211 or \$3.00 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$25,312. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$19,327 or \$4.08 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables with the same assigned neighborhood and classification codes as the subject. The comparables are improved with three-story, multi-family dwellings of masonry construction. The dwellings are from 11 to 127 years old. The comparables had features of varying degrees of similarity when compared to the subject. The board of review's grid analysis indicates the dwellings range in size from 4,409 to 4,788 square feet of living area, and their improvement assessments range from \$19,900 to \$24,072 or from \$4.16 to \$5.46 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted information on a total of seven suggested equity comparables. The Board finds that all of the comparables submitted are three-story apartment buildings like the subject. However, board of review comparables #2 and #3 were significantly newer than the subject and received reduced weight in the Board's analysis. The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparables and board of review comparables #1 and #4. The Board finds these comparables were very similar to the subject in story height, construction, building use, age, living area and foundation. These comparables had improvement assessments that ranged from \$2.63 to \$4.51 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$4.08 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in the record. Based on this record, the Board finds the appellant was not able to demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

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¹ On the board of review's grid analysis, comparable #3 is described as being two-story. However, photographic evidence submitted by the board of review reveals that comparable #3 is three-story and that comparables #2 and #3 have the same street address and are part of the same building.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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| | Chairman |
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| Sobert Stoffen | Dan De Kinin |
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| DISSENTING: | |

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

| Date: | April 17, 2018 |
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| | Stee M Wagner |
| | Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board |

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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