



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Jonathan Daly
DOCKET NO.: 15-25070.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 20-11-423-020-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Jonathan Daly, the appellant, by attorney Timothy E. Moran, of Schmidt Salzman & Moran, Ltd. in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$6,270
IMPR.: \$40,789
TOTAL: \$47,059

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2015 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story townhome dwelling of masonry exterior construction with 1,800 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 46 years old and has a full basement with finished area, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a one-car garage. The property has a 1,900 square foot site and is located in Chicago, Hyde Park Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-95 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. The subject's land assessment was not contested. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on five equity comparables located within the same neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables were improved with three, two-story and two, three-story townhome dwellings of masonry or frame and masonry exterior construction containing from 1,632 to 1,820 square

feet of living area. The comparables range in age from 16 to 52 years old. Three comparables have full basements, one of which has finished area. Four comparables have central air conditioning and two comparables have a one-car or a two-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$17,871 to \$32,310 or from \$10.36 to \$17.87 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested that the improvement assessment be reduced to \$22,347 or \$12.42 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$47,059. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$40,789 or \$22.66 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables located within the same block or .25 of a mile from the subject property. The comparables were improved with two-story townhome dwellings of masonry exterior construction that contain from 1,709 to 1,800 square feet of living area. The comparables are from 46 to 50 years old. The comparables have full basements, three of which have finished areas and each comparable has central air conditioning. One comparable has a fireplace and a one-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$39,634 to \$41,975 or from \$22.66 to \$23.32 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested that the assessment be confirmed.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparables #1, #4 and #5 along with the board of review comparables. The Board gave greater weight to the board of review comparable #1 which is located on the same block as the subject and is identical in its property characteristics when compared to the subject property. The remaining comparables, except for their lack of garages, are most similar to the subject in location, design, exterior construction, age, dwelling size and foundation. These comparables had improvement assessments that ranged from \$17,871 to \$41,975 or from \$10.36 to \$23.32 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$40,789 or \$22.66 per square foot of living area is within the range of the best comparables contained in this record and appears to be well-supported by the board of review's identical comparable #1. The Board gave less weight to the appellant's comparables #2 and #3 due to their considerably newer ages and different foundations. After considering adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's improvement assessment is supported. Based on this record the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: April 17, 2018



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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