



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Gaceta  
DOCKET NO.: 15-22869.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 28-17-304-007-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Gaceta, the appellant, by attorney John S. Xydakis, of the Law Offices of John S. Xydakis in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$2,893  
**IMPR.:** \$15,266  
**TOTAL:** \$18,159

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2015 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a multi-level dwelling of frame and masonry construction. The dwelling is approximately 36 years old and has 1,329 square feet of living area. Features of the home include a partial finished basement, a fireplace and a two-car garage. The property has a 7,233-square foot site and is located in Oak Forest, Bremen Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-34 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables with the same neighborhood and classification codes as the subject. The comparables are improved with multi-level dwellings of frame and masonry construction. The dwellings are from 30 to 46 years old and contain from 1,105 to 1,594 square feet of living area. Each comparable has a partial

basement; three comparables have central air conditioning; and three comparables have fireplaces. The appellant's photographic evidence revealed the comparables have two-car garages. The appellant's comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$2,939 to \$13,360 or from \$2.66 to \$8.49 per square foot of living area. The appellant also submitted a map which revealed that one of the comparables was located in close proximity to the subject property. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment to \$10,845 or \$8.16 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" wherein the subject's final assessment of \$18,159 was disclosed. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$15,266 or \$11.49 per square foot of living area. The board of review presented descriptions and assessment information on four comparable properties. The comparables have the same neighborhood and classification codes as the subject and are located in the same block or tax block as the subject property. The comparables are improved with multi-level dwellings of frame and masonry construction. The dwellings are from 35 to 40 years old and contain either 1,329 or 1,343 square feet of living area. Each comparable has a partial finished basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace, and a two-car garage. The board of review's four comparable properties have improvement assessments ranging from \$14,585 to \$17,061 or from \$10.86 to \$12.84 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

### **Conclusion of Law**

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties presented assessment data on a total of eight suggested comparables. The Board finds that all of the comparables submitted were multi-level, frame and masonry dwellings with partial basements and two-car garages. The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparable #4 and the four comparables submitted by the board of review. The Board finds these five comparables were very similar to the subject in location, age and living area. These comparables had improvement assessments that ranged from \$8.49 to \$12.84 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$11.49 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in this record. The Board gave less weight to the appellant's comparables #1 through #3. The Board finds the appellant's comparable #1 to be an outlier with an improvement assessment of \$2.66 per square foot of living area that was significantly lower than any other comparable submitted for this appeal. The appellant's comparables #2 and #3 differed from the subject in living area and age and also received reduced weight. Based on this record, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: July 17, 2018



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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