

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Peter Trapani
DOCKET NO.: 15-06495.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 06-21-113-017

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Peter Trapani, the appellant, by attorney Katherine Amari O'Dell, of Amari & Locallo, in Chicago, and the DuPage County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **DuPage** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$15,880 **IMPR.:** \$115,290 **TOTAL:** \$131,170

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the DuPage County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2015 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of frame exterior construction with 2,930 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 2005. Features of the home include a basement and a two-car garage. The property has a 6,966 square foot site and is located in Lombard, York Township, DuPage County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal concerning the subject's improvement assessment; no dispute was raised concerning the land assessment. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted limited information on three equity comparables located in the same neighborhood code assigned by the assessor as the subject property. The comparables consist of two-story frame or masonry dwellings that were 9 or 10 years old. The homes range in size from 2,632 to 3,032 square feet of living area with basements. The appellant provided no other characteristics of the comparable properties. The comparables have

improvement assessments ranging from \$75,340 to \$117,420 or from \$28.33 to \$38.73 per square foot of living area.

Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduced improvement assessment of \$96,631 or \$32.98 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$131,170. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$115,290 or \$39.35 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review through the township assessor submitted information on eight equity comparables located in the same neighborhood code assigned by the assessor as the subject property. Of these comparables, board of review comparable #1 is the same property as appellant's comparable #3. The board of review's comparables consist of two-story frame or masonry dwellings that were 9 or 10 years old. The homes range in size from 2,505 to 3,032 square feet of living area with basements and two-car or three-car garages. The board of review provided no other characteristics of the comparable properties. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$111,240 to \$130,720 or from \$38.73 to \$50.04 per square foot of living area.

Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of ten equity comparables to support their respective positions before the Property Tax Appeal Board with one property common to both parties. The Board finds both parties' comparables are similar in location, age, design, exterior construction, size, garage amenity and/or foundation when compared to the subject. The comparables had improvement assessments that ranged from \$75,340 to \$130,720 or from \$28.33 to \$50.04 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$115,290 or \$39.35 per square foot of living area falls within the range of the comparables in the record. Based on this record and after considering adjustments for differences in dwelling size, basement size and/or garage size when compared to the subject dwelling, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

¹ Board of review comparable #9 is the subject property and will not be analyzed as a comparable property.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(b) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(b)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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	Chairman
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Member	Acting Member
assert Stoffen	Dan Dikini
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	te: February 20, 2018	
	Stee M Wagner	
	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board	

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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