

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: George Werthman DOCKET NO.: 15-06228.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 09-06-307-008

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are George Werthman, the appellant, by attorney Brian S. Maher of Weis, DuBrock, Doody & Maher, in Chicago; and the DuPage County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **DuPage** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$102,770 **IMPR.:** \$318,360 **TOTAL:** \$421,130

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the DuPage County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2015 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a part two-story and part one-story dwelling of brick and frame exterior construction that has 5,810 square feet of living area. The dwelling was built in 2011. Features include a partial unfinished basement, central air conditioning, four fireplaces and an 842 square foot garage. The subject property is located in Downers Grove Township, DuPage County, Illinois.

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. The subject's land assessment was not contested. In support of the inequity claim, the appellant submitted three assessment comparables located within the same neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables consist of two, part two-story and part one-story dwellings and a part two-story, part three-story and part one-story dwelling of frame exterior construction. The dwellings were built from 2000 to 2014. One comparable has a full basement that is 50% finished and two

comparables have full unfinished basements. Other features include central air conditioning, two or three fireplaces and garages that range in size from 628 to 1,078 square feet of building area. The dwellings range in size from 4,197 to 5,001 square feet of living area and have improvement assessments ranging from \$205,920 to \$223,640 or from \$44.72 to \$49.78 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the subject's final assessment of \$421,130. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$318,360 or \$54.80 per square foot of living area.

In support of the subject's assessment, the board of review submitted three assessment comparables located within the same neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are comprised of part two-story and part one-story dwellings of frame or brick and frame exterior construction that were built from 2008 to 2013. The comparables have full or partial basements that are 75% or 100% finished. Other features include central air conditioning, two to five fireplaces and a garage that range in size from 1,010 to 1,317 square feet of building area. The dwellings range in size from 5,578 to 6,087 square feet of living area and have improvement assessments ranging from \$318,900 to \$355,180 or from \$57.17 to \$61.67 per square foot of living area.

The board of review, through the township assessor, argued the appellant's comparables are inferior in their quality of construction and are smaller in dwelling size when compared to the subject. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer argued assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant failed to meet this burden of proof.

The record contains six assessment comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gave less weight to the comparables submitted by the appellant. Comparable #1 is smaller in dwelling size and older in age; comparable #2 is of a dissimilar design; and comparable #3 is smaller in dwelling size when compared to the subject. In addition, all the comparable have basements that are considerably smaller than the subject. The Board finds the comparables submitted by the board of review are more similar when compared to the subject in location, design, age, dwelling size and most features, but have superior finished basement area. These comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$318,900 to \$355,180 or from \$57.17 to \$61.67 per

¹ Much of the descriptive information for the appellants' comparables was supplied by the board of review.

square foot of living area. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$318,360 or \$54.80 per square foot of living area, which falls below the range established by the most similar assessment comparables contained in the record. After considering adjustments to the comparables for any differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's improvement assessment is supported. Therefore, no reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(b) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(b)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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	Chairman
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Member	Acting Member
Robert Stoffen	Dan De Kini
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	September 22, 2017
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	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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