



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Ryan & Jillian Molis
DOCKET NO.: 15-05548.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 09-10-412-005

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Ryan & Jillian Molis, the appellants, by attorney Katherine Amari O'Dell, of Amari & Locallo in Chicago; and the DuPage County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **DuPage** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$62,100
IMPR.: \$332,340
TOTAL: \$394,440

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellants timely filed the appeal from a decision of the DuPage County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2015 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property is improved with a two-story dwelling of brick and frame exterior construction with 4,179 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately nine years old. Features of the home include a full finished basement, central air conditioning, four fireplaces, a swimming pool and a 530 square foot garage. The property has a 10,934 square foot site and is located in Clarendon Hills, Downers Grove Township, DuPage County.

The appellants contend assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellants submitted information on three equity comparables located within five blocks from the subject property. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings of brick and frame exterior construction that were constructed from 1997 to 2004. The comparables had features with varying degrees of similarity when compared to the subject. The dwellings range in size from 3,861 to 4,395 square feet of living area and have improvement

assessments ranging from \$269,960 to \$305,190 or from \$62.33 to \$69.92 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellants requested the total assessment be reduced to \$343,180.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$394,440. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$332,340 or \$79.53 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on three equity comparables located in the same neighborhood as the subject property. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings of brick or brick and frame exterior construction that were constructed from 1994 to 2005. The comparables had features with varying degrees of similarity when compared to the subject. The dwellings range in size from 3,814 to 4,126 square feet of living area and have improvement assessments ranging from \$314,750 to \$318,290 or from \$76.89 to \$82.52 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayers contend assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellants did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted information on a total of six suggested equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board finds the appellants' and the board of review's comparables are similar when compared to the subject in location, age, dwelling size, design and features. These comparables had improvement assessments that ranged from \$62.33 to \$82.52 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$79.53 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the comparables in this record and appears to be justified when giving due consideration to the subject's in-ground pool amenity that is not a feature of all the comparables. Based on this record the Board finds the appellants did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.



Chairman



Member



Member



Acting Member



Acting Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

May 19, 2017



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of

the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.