

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Richard & Nancy Crane

DOCKET NO.: 15-03591.001-R-1 through 15-03591.002-R-1

PARCEL NO.: See Below

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Richard & Nancy Crane, the appellants, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

DOCKET NO	PARCEL NUMBER	LAND	IMPRVMT	TOTAL
15-03591.001-R-1	06-20-404-070	6,715	0	\$6,715
15-03591.002-R-1	06-20-404-071	7,351	0	\$7,351

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellants timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2015 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of two vacant land parcels. Property #1, ending in property index number 070 contains 11,957 square feet of land area. Property #2, ending in property index number 071 contains 18,772 square feet of land area. The properties are located in Round Lake, Avon Township, Lake County.

The appellants contend assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellants submitted information on three equity comparables that were used for each individual property under appeal. The comparables had land assessments reportedly ranging from \$436 to \$494 or each having a land assessment of \$0.07 per square foot of land area.

¹ Appellant's counsel incorrectly reported the land assessment for each property under appeal in the grid analysis, which calls into question the data submitted.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for property #1 (070) of \$6,715 and for property #2 (071) of \$7,351. In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on three equity comparables that were used for each property under appeal. The board of review's evidence depicts that each of the appellants' comparables were unbuildable lots per the assessor, while the properties under appeal were buildable lots. This fact was not disclosed by appellants' counsel; nor refuted.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayers contend assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellants did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the board of review's comparables based on the characteristic that each comparable lot was a buildable lot like the subject. The appellants, on the other hand, submitted dissimilar comparables in that each comparable was an unbuildable lot; a fact not disclosed by appellants' counsel. Further the data submitted by the appellants was called into question because the appellants incorrectly stated the land assessment for each property under appeal in the grid analysis. The board of review's comparables had land assessments that ranged from \$0.65 to \$0.80 per square foot of land area. The subjects' land assessments of \$0.56 and \$0.39 per square foot of land area, respectively fall below the range established by the best comparables in this record. Based on this record the Board finds the appellants did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subjects' land was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subjects' assessments are not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(b) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(b)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Member	Acting Member
Robert Staffen	Dan De Kinin
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	October 20, 2017	
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	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board	

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

Docket No: 15-03591.001-R-1 through 15-03591.002-R-1

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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