

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: David Garrigus
DOCKET NO.: 15-02904.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 08-33-307-030

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are David Garrigus, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$3,142 **IMPR.:** \$16,912 **TOTAL:** \$20,054

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2015 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 1.5-story dwelling of brick exterior construction with 1,905 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1954. Features of the home include an unfinished basement. The property has a 6,365 square foot site and is located in North Chicago, Waukegan Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of the overvaluation argument, the appellant submitted three comparable sales located within .64 of a mile from the subject property. The comparables consist of 1.5-story or 2.0-story dwellings that were built in 1925 or 1930. The dwellings had features with varying degrees of similarity when compared to the subject. The dwellings range in size from 1,512 to 1,960 square feet of living area and are situated on sites that contain from 5,986 to 15,186 square feet of land area. The comparables sold from December 2014 to July 2015 for prices ranging from \$27,000 to \$58,000 or from

\$17.86 to \$29.59 per square foot of living area including land. The appellant's submission included a 2015 Multiple Listing Service sheet (MLS) for comparable #2. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the total assessment be reduced to \$11,332 which would reflect a market value of approximately \$33,996.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the subject's final assessment of \$20,054. The subject's assessment reflects an estimated market value of \$60,440 or \$31.73 per square foot of living area including land when applying Lake County's 2015 three-year average median level of assessment of 33.18% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(c)(1).

In support of the subject's assessment, the board of review submitted the subject's sale in September 2015 for \$65,000 and three comparable sales located within .63 of a mile from the subject property. The comparables consist of 1.5-story dwellings that were built from 1950 to 1958. The dwellings had features with varying degrees of similarity when compared to the subject. The dwellings range in size from 1,680 to 1,953 square feet of living area and are situated on sites that contain from 6,575 to 9,193 square feet of land area. The comparables sold from June 2014 to August 2016 for prices ranging from \$48,500 to \$94,000 or from \$28.87 to \$49.89 per square foot of living area including land. The board of review submission included property record cards for the subject and its three comparable sales. The board of review submission also included the PTAX-203, Real Estate Transfer Declaration which disclosed the subject property had been advertised for sale. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted the subject's sale and six suggested sales for the Board's consideration. The Board gave less weight to the appellant's comparables due to their older age when compared to the subject property. The board also gave less weight to the board of review's comparable #2 due to its August 2016 sale date, which is less proximate in time for the January 1, 2015 assessment date.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value in the record to be the subject's sale and the board of review's comparables #1 and #3. These comparables sold more proximate in time to the January 1, 2015 assessment date and were similar to the subject in location, age, dwelling size, design, exterior construction and features. These properties sold in June 2014 or October 2015 for prices of \$48,500 and \$73,000 or \$28.87 and \$37.38 per square foot of living area including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$60,440 or \$31.73 per square foot of living area, including land, which falls between board of review comparables #1 and #3 in this record and is substantially lower that the subject's September 2015 sale price of \$65,000. Based

on this evidence the Board finds the subject is not overvalued and a reduction in the assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

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	Chairman
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Member	Acting Member
Robert Stoffen	Dan De Kinie
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

<u>CERTIFICATIO</u>N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	August 18, 2017
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	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of

the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.