

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Fred Less

DOCKET NO.: 15-01625.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 16-10-407-018

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Fred Less, the appellant; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$13,076 **IMPR.:** \$133,576 **TOTAL:** \$146,652

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2015 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a condominium dwelling of brick exterior construction with 1,985 square feet of living area.¹ The dwelling was constructed in 1885. Features of the condominium include central air conditioning and a fireplace. The property is located in Highland Park, Moraine Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted an appraisal estimating the subject property had a market value of \$375,000 as of January 1, 2014.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$146,652. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of

¹ The parties differ as to the subject's story height, size and whether the subject has a finished basement or a finished lower level. The Board finds the differences will not impact the decision of this appeal.

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\$441,989 or \$222.66 per square foot of living area including land, when using 1,985 square feet of living area and when using the 2015 three year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.18% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on three comparable sales.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the board of review's comparable sales #2 and #3. These comparables were very similar to the subject in location, style, exterior construction, age, size, features and also sold more proximate in time to the assessment date at issue, than did the appellant's appraisal comparables. The board of review's comparable sales sold for the price of \$615,000 or \$306.73 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$441,989 or \$222.66 per square foot of living area, including land, which is supported by the best comparable sales in the record. The Board gave less weight to the appellant's appraisal value conclusion due to its effective date occurring 12 months prior to the January 1, 2015 assessment date. The Board also gave less weight to the raw comparable sales data within the appellant's appraisal due to the sales occurring greater than 14 months prior to the assessment date at issue. Finally, the Board gave less weight to the board of review's comparable sale #1 due to its difference in size, when compared to the subject. Based on this evidence the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

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This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

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Chairm	nan
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Member	Member
Dan Dikini	
Acting Member	Member
DISSENTING:	
CERTIFICAT	<u>'ION</u>
As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board are hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and com Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the	plete Final Administrative Decision of the

said office.

Date:	: April 21, 2017	
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	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board	

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of Docket No: 15-01625.001-R-1

the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.