

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Tirell, LLC

DOCKET NO.: 15-01212.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 06-34-228-003

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Tirell, LLC, the appellant, by attorney Abby L. Strauss of Schiller Strauss & Lavin PC in Chicago; and the Kane County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Kane** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$9,797 **IMPR.:** \$35,727 **TOTAL:** \$45,524

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Kane County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2015 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a one-story dwelling of frame construction with 1,056 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1965. Features of the property include a full basement that was partially finished, central air conditioning and a detached garage with 416 square feet of building area. The property has an 8,505 square foot site and is located in South Elgin, Elgin Township, Kane County.

The appellant's appeal is based on overvaluation. In support of this argument the appellant submitted evidence disclosing the subject property was purchased on July 7, 2013 for a price of \$99,500 or \$94.22 per square foot of living area, including land. The seller was the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the property was sold through a Realtor and the property was advertised for sale in the Multiple Listing Service (MLS). In support of the purchase the appellant submitted a copy of the sales contract and a copy of the PTAX-203 Illinois Real Estate

Transfer Declaration. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment to reflect the purchase price.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$45,524. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$136,668 or \$129.42 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2015 three year average median level of assessment for Kane County of 33.31% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information provided by the township assessor who indicated the property was purchased as a foreclosure. The assessor also stated the MLS rental listing stated that the property had been remodeled. A copy of the MLS rental listing was provided by the board of review and states in part that the property has been "fully refashioned with wonderful upgrades." In support of the assessment the assessor provided information on four comparable sales improved with one-story dwellings of frame construction with 1,036 or 1,056 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed in 1961 and 1964. Each comparable has a basement with three being partially finished, central air conditioning and an attached or detached garage ranging in size from 288 to 528 square feet of building area. The sales occurred from July 2012 to January 2015 for prices ranging from \$153,000 to \$169,000 or from \$144.89 to \$160.04 per square foot of living area, including land.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value in the record to be comparable sales #3 and #4 submitted by the board of review. These comparables were similar to the subject in location, style, construction, features, age and land area. These properties also sold proximate in time to the assessment date at issue. The comparables sold for prices of \$169,000 and \$158,000 or \$160.04 and \$149.62 per square foot of living area, including land, respectively. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$136,668 or \$129.42 per square foot of living area, including land, which is below that established by the best comparable sales in this record. The Board gave little weight to the subject's sale due to the fact the sale did not occur proximate in time to the assessment date at issue. Additionally, the subject sold for a price of \$99,500 or \$94.22 per square foot of living area, including land. The best comparable sales provided by the board of review had prices that were significantly above the subject's purchase price. This price differential tends to establish that the subject's purchase price was not reflective of fair cash value as of the assessment date at issue. The Board further finds the evidence disclosed the subject dwelling underwent some refurbishing following the purchase, which indicates the subject dwelling was in superior condition as of the assessment date than at the time of the sale. The Board gave less weight to the remaining two sales provided by the board of review as they

did not occur as proximate in time to the assessment date at issue. Based on this record the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

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| | Chairman |
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| Member | Acting Member |
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| DISSENTING: | |

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

| Date: | May 19, 2017 |
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| | Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board |

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of

the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.