

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Elizabeth Rothkopf DOCKET NO.: 14-29346.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 14-33-307-074-1004

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Elizabeth Rothkopf, the appellant(s), by attorney Glen L. Udell, of Brown, Udell, Pomerantz & Delrahim, Ltd. in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>A Reduction</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$6,990 **IMPR.:** \$43,010 **TOTAL:** \$50,000

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2013 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of one unit in a four unit condominium building. The property is a class 2-99 residential condominium under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance (hereinafter "Ordinance") and is located in Chicago, North Chicago Township, Cook County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted an appraisal estimating the subject property had a market value of \$500,000 as of October 24, 2011. The appellant also submitted a settlement statement. Appellant requested that the Board apply the 10% level of assessment as determined by the Cook County Real Property Classification Code.

Docket No: 14-29346.001-R-1

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" wherein the subject property has a total assessment of \$66,501 was disclosed. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$665,010 when applying the level of assessment of 10% for class 2-99 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

In support of the assessment, the board of review submitted an analysis prepared by Fred Agustin, an analyst with the Cook County Board of Review. He indicated the total consideration for the sale of one residential unit in the subject's condominium in 2011 was \$380,000. After deducting 5% for personal property, the total consideration was \$361,000. Dividing the total consideration by the percentage of interest of ownership in the condominium for the units that sold of 17% indicated a full value for the condominium property of \$2,123,529. Multiplying the subject's percentage of ownership, indicates the subject's market value is \$743,235. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the appraisal submitted by the appellant. The subject's assessment reflects a total market value of \$665,010, which is above the best evidence of market value in the record. The Board finds the subject property's had a total market value of \$500,000 as of the assessment date at issue. Since market value has been established, the level of assessment for class 2-99 properties of 10.00% as determined by the Cook County Classification Ordinance shall apply.

Docket No: 14-29346.001-R-1

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

21 000

	Mano Illours
	Chairman
	asort Stoffen
Member	Member
Dan De Kinin	·
Acting Member	Member
DISSENTING:	
	CERTIFICATION
certify that the foregoing is a true,	Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois his date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said
Dat	e: April 21, 2017
	\bigcap

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the

Docket No: 14-29346.001-R-1

session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.