



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Brett A. Mapel  
DOCKET NO.: 14-01709.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 06-21-179-003

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Brett A. Mapel, the appellant; and the DeKalb County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **DeKalb** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$15,699  
**IMPR.:** \$61,930  
**TOTAL:** \$77,629

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the DeKalb County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2014 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a two-story brick and frame dwelling that has 2,417 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 2006. Features include a full unfinished basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and an 810 square foot attached garage. The subject property is located in Sycamore Township, DeKalb County, Illinois.

The appellant submitted evidence before the Property Tax Appeal Board claiming assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. In support of the inequity claim, the appellant submitted a grid analysis with limited descriptive information for three assessment comparables located in close proximity to the subject. The comparables consist of two-story dwellings of frame exterior construction that are from 10 to 12 years old. The dwellings range in size from 2,459 to 2,988 square feet of living area. No other descriptive information was provided such as foundation type, central air conditioning, fireplaces or garages. The comparables have improvement

assessments ranging from \$54,830 to \$57,623 or from \$18.35 to \$22.43 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$77,629. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$61,930 or \$25.62 per square foot of living area. In support of the subject's assessment, the board of review submitted a letter addressing the appeal and an equity analysis of four assessment comparables.

The assessment comparables are located in close proximity to the subject. The comparables are improved with two-story frame or brick and frame dwellings that are 1 or 9 years old. Features had varying degrees of similarity when compared to the subject. The dwellings range in size from 2,549 to 2,754 square feet of living area and have improvement assessments ranging from \$65,101 to \$77,870 or from \$25.54 to \$29.61 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

### **Conclusion of Law**

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Kankakee County Board of Review v. Property Tax Appeal Board, 131 Ill.2d 1 (1989). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant failed to meet this burden of proof and no reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The record contains seven assessment comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gave less weight to the comparables submitted by the appellant. Comparables #1 and #3 are larger in dwelling size when compared to the subject. Additionally, the appellant failed to provide complete descriptive information to the comparables for an adequate comparative analysis. The Board also gave less weight to comparable #4 submitted by the board of review due to its newer age and finished basement, superior to the subject. The Board finds the remaining three comparables submitted by the board of review were most similar when compared to the subject in location, design, dwelling size, age and features. These comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$65,101 to \$72,351 or from \$25.54 to \$26.53 per square foot of living area. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$61,930 or \$25.62 per square foot of living area, which falls within the range established by the most similar assessment comparables on a per square foot basis. After considering adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's assessment is supported. Therefore, no reduction in the subject's improvement assessment is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.



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Chairman



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Member



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Member



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Member

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Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

**CERTIFICATION**

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: July 22, 2016



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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of

the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.