

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT:	Cindy Bauer
DOCKET NO .:	14-01090.001-R-1
PARCEL NO .:	02-35-301-020

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Cindy Bauer, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley of Lake County Appeal, in Lake Forest; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>No Change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the Lake County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	\$10,574
IMPR.:	\$37,769
TOTAL:	\$48,343

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2014 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a tri-level frame dwelling that has 1,048 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1976. Features include a finished lower level, central air conditioning and a 648 square foot detached garage. The subject property is located in Lake Villa Township, Lake County, Illinois.

The appellant submitted evidence before the Property Tax Appeal Board claiming assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. In support of the inequity claim, the appellant submitted information on nine assessment comparables located from .16 to 1.62 miles from the subject. The comparables consist of tri-level frame dwelling that were built from 1971 to 1982. Features had varying degrees of similarity when compared to the subject. The dwellings contain 1,044 or 1,048 square feet of living area and have improvement assessments ranging from \$33,075 to

\$37,309 or from \$31.65 to \$35.60 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$48,343. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$37,769 or \$36.04 per square foot of living area. In support of the subject's assessment, the board of review submitted an equity analysis of eight assessment comparables located from .04 to 1.16 miles from the subject. The comparables are improved with tri-level frame dwellings that were built from 1976 to 1979. Features had varying degrees of similarity when compared to the subject. The dwellings range in size from 1,030 to 1,152 square feet of living area and have an improvement assessments from \$36,307 to \$42,730 or from \$34.64 to \$38.19 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). <u>Kankakee County</u> <u>Board of Review v. Property Tax Appeal Board</u>, 131 Ill.2d 1 (1989). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant failed to meet this burden of proof and no reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The record contains 17 assessment comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board finds the both parties' comparables were relatively similar to the subject in location, design, age, dwelling size and features. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$33,075 to \$42,730 or from \$31.65 to \$38.19 per square foot of living area. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$37,769 or \$36.04 per square foot of living area, which falls within the range established by both parties' assessment comparables. Therefore, no reduction in the subject's improvement assessment is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

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DISSENTING:

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

August 19, 2016

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of

the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND</u> <u>EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.