

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Tom Smolinski
DOCKET NO.: 13-32865.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 07-26-109-015-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Tom Smolinski, the appellant; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>no change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$ 3,500 **IMPR.:** \$ 18,769 **TOTAL:** \$ 22,269

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

## Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2013 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

# Findings of Fact

The subject property is a 44 year-old, one-story dwelling of masonry construction containing 1,141 square feet of living area. Features of the home include a full unfinished basement and a two-and-a-half-car garage. The property has an 8,750 square foot site and is located in Schaumburg Township, Cook

County. The property is a class 2-03 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity and overvaluation as the bases of the appeal. In support of these arguments, the appellant submitted information on eight suggested equity comparables, a settlement statement and a closing statement for the sale of the subject. The appellant submitted evidence disclosing the subject property was purchased on August 15, 1983 for a price of \$81,000. The appellant's evidence disclosed that the subject contains 956.50 square feet of living area, without further information.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$22,269. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$18,769, or \$16.45 per square foot of living area. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$221,362 or \$194.00 per square foot of living area, when using the board of review's indicated size of 1,141 square feet and applying the 2013 three-year median level of assessment of 10.06% for class 2 property as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four suggested equity comparables with sale data on one of them. The board of review's evidence disclosed that the subject contains 1,141 square feet of living area, without further information.

#### Conclusion of Law

The evidence from the parties of the subject's living area size is conflicting without further information, such as the result of a field inspection by the Cook County Assessor. Nevertheless, the burden is on the contesting party to provide substantive, documented evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(b). The appellant has failed to do that. Therefore, the Board finds, for this appeal only, that the subject contains 1,141 square feet of living area.

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for

the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the board of review's comparables #1, #2, #3 and #4. comparables had improvement assessments that ranged from \$17.71 to \$20.53 per square foot of living area. The Board finds that appellant's equity comparables lacked key characteristics, such as basement and garage. The subject's improvement assessment of \$16.45 per square foot of living area falls below the range established by the best comparables in Based on this record, the Board finds the this record. appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and holds that a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

The appellant also contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The Board gives no weight to the subject's sale due to the fact the 1983 sale did not occur proximate in time to the assessment date at issue. Therefore, the Board finds the subject's assessment is reflective of market value and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

	Chairman
21. Fer	Mauro Illorios
Member	Member
C. R.	Jany White
Member	Acting Member
DISSENTING:	

## CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	September 18, 2015
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

#### IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.