

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Michael Kennedy
DOCKET NO.: 12-20767.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 28-21-111-008-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Michael Kennedy, the appellant, by attorney Julie Realmuto in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>no change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$4,620 **IMPR.:** \$7,723 **TOTAL:** \$12,343

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) contesting the assessment for the 2012 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property is improved with a one-story dwelling of frame construction with 716 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 81 years old. Features of the home include a partial unfinished basement, central air conditioning and a two-car garage. The property has a 13,200 square foot site and is located in Oak Forest, Bremen Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-02 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables described as being improved with one-story dwellings of frame construction that had

either 840 or 864 square feet of living area. The dwellings ranged in age from 56 to 63 years old. One comparable had central air conditioning. The comparables had improvement assessments that ranged from \$5,011 to \$7,419 or from \$5.97 to \$8.59 per square foot of living area. The appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$4,726.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$12,343. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$7,723 or \$10.79 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables improved with three 1-story dwellings and one 1.5-story dwelling of frame or frame and masonry construction that ranged in size from 888 to 996 square feet of living area. The dwellings ranged in age from 53 to 77 years old. Three of the comparables have partial or full unfinished basements and each comparable has a 1-car, 2-car or a 2.5-car garage. These properties have improvement assessments that range from \$10,016 to \$13,037 or from \$11.18 to \$13.09 per square foot of living area.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The Board finds the record contains eight comparable properties submitted by the parties to support their respective positions. The Board finds the comparables were not particularly similar to the subject in age and size as each was larger and newer than the subject dwelling. The Board gave less weight to the appellant's comparables and board of review comparable #4 as none of these properties had basements whereas the subject has a partial unfinished basement. Less weight was given board of review comparable #3 as this property differed from the subject in The two remaining comparables, board of review comparables #1 and#2, were similar to the subject in style and each had a basement but neither had central air conditioning as does the subject property. These two comparables had improvement assessments of \$13.09 to \$11.18 per square foot of living area, respectively. The subject's improvement assessment of \$10.79 per square foot of living area falls below that established by the two best comparables in this record. Based on this record the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and

convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

	Chairman
21. Fer	Mauro Illorias
Member	Member
C. R.	Jerry White
Member	Acting Member
Sobert Stoffen	
Member	
DISSENTING:	

<u>C E R T I F I C A T I O N</u>

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	March 18, 2016
	Alportol
	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.