

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Laurie Cosgrove DOCKET NO.: 12-20314.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 16-06-107-096-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Laurie Cosgrove, the appellant; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>a reduction</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$ 1,050 **IMPR.:** \$ 13,970 **TOTAL:** \$ 15,020

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

#### Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2012 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

### Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of 1,050 square feet of land improved with a 55-year old, two-story, masonry, single-family dwelling. Features of the home include one and one half-baths, a full basement and a one-car garage. The property is located in Oak Park Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as

a class 2 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted an appraisal estimating that the subject property had a market value of \$155,000 as of December 4, 2012. The appraisal developed the sales comparison approach to value, while using five sales. The appraisal estimated the subject's improvement size at 1,044 square feet of living area with a building schematic and numerous photographs of the improvement attached.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$17,993. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$185,686 when applying the three year median level of assessment for class 2 property of 9.69% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted descriptive and assessment data on four suggested equity comparables. As to the subject, the grid analysis indicated that the subject's improvement contained 999 square feet of living area without further explanation.

In rebuttal, the appellant submitted a copy of a difference appraisal of the subject with an effective date of July, 2013.

### Conclusion of Law

Section 1910.66(c) of the official rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board states that

rebuttal evidence shall not consist of new evidence such as an appraisal or newly discovered comparable properties...a party to the appeal shall be precluded from submitting its own case in chief in the guise of rebuttal evidence. 35 ILCS 200/16-180.

Therefore, the Board shall not accord any weight to the subsequent new appraisal evidence submission.

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the

property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value as well as improvement size to be the appellant's appraisal. The Board finds the subject property had a market value of \$155,000 as of the assessment date at issue. Since market value has been established the three year median level of assessment for class 2 property of 9.69% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue shall apply. (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(c)(2). Further, the Board finds that the board of review failed to submit any market data evidence in support of its position.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

Smald R. Crit Chairman Member Member Mauro Illains Member Member DISSENTING:

## CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

> January 23, 2015 Date: Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

#### IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.