

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Catherine McMahon DOCKET NO.: 12-02805.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 06-09-112-002

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Catherine McMahon, the appellant, and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds $\underline{no\ change}$ in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$15,827 **IMPR.:** \$56,436 **TOTAL:** \$72,263

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2012 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story single-family dwelling of frame construction with 2,392 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1995. Features of the home include a full unfinished basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 400 square foot garage. The

property has a 10,454 square foot site and is located in Lake Villa, Lake Villa Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four comparable sales located within one mile of the subject property. In a brief submitted with the appeal, the appellant argued that these 2012 sales were the best evidence of the subject's estimated market value. Moreover, she contended that her comparable sale #4 sold for an "outlandish" price of \$210,000 and has many upgrades and superior features when compared to the subject property.

Based on this evidence and argument, the appellant requested a total assessment of \$62,152 which would reflect a market value of approximately \$186,456 or \$77.95 per square foot of living area, including land.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$72,263. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$220,853 or \$92.33 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2012 three year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 32.72% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

The board of review submitted a memorandum from Martin P. Paulson, Clerk of the Lake County Board of Review, along with additional data. Paulson asserted that each of the appellant's comparables were located in different subdivisions than the subject.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four comparable sales located in the same subdivision as the subject property.

Based on this evidence and argument, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale,

comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted eight comparable sales to support their respective positions before the Property Tax Appeal Board. The Board has given reduced weight to board of review comparable sale #2 which occurred in June 2010, a date more remote in time to the valuation date at issue of January 1, 2012.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the remaining seven comparable sales submitted by both parties which bracket the assessment date and have varying degrees of similarity and dissimilarity to the subject property. These seven comparables sold between June 2011 and July 2012 for prices ranging from \$172,900 to \$275,000 or from \$74.28 to \$102.84 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$220,853 or \$92.33 per square foot of living area, including land, which is within the range established by the best comparable sales in this record and appears well-supported by the board of review comparables which are located in closer proximity to the subject property.

Based on this evidence the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

	Chairman
	Mauro Illorios
Member	Member
a R	Jerry White
Member	Acting Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	July 24, 2015
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.