



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Mike Martin  
DOCKET NO.: 12-00875.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 14-33-227-016

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Mike Martin, the appellant, by attorney Clyde B. Hendricks in Peoria, and the Peoria County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds no change in the assessment of the property as established by the Peoria County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$2,620  
**IMPR.:** \$17,170  
**TOTAL:** \$19,790

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Peoria County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2012 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a one-story dwelling of frame construction with 1,075 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1930. Features of the home include a full basement, with 400 square feet of recreation area, a

finished attic, central air conditioning and a 280 square foot detached garage. The property has a .12-acre site and is located in Peoria, City of Peoria Township, Peoria County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four comparable sales.

In rebuttal, the board of review argued the appellant's comparables are non arms-length or compulsory sales.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$19,790. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$59,555 or \$55.40 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2012 three year average median level of assessment for Peoria County of 33.23% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on three comparable sales.

Under rebuttal, the appellant agreed with the board of review's assertion that the appellant's comparables are "repos" or compulsory sales; however, the appellant claims the subject was a "repo" as well. In addition, the appellant argued the board of review's comparables are superior to the subject.

#### Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be appellant's comparable sale #4 and the board of review's comparable sale #2. These most similar comparables sold for prices of \$25.13 and \$67.13 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$55.40 per square foot of living area, including land,

which is within the market values established by the best comparable sales in this record. Based on this evidence the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified. The Board gave less weight to the parties' remaining comparables due to their lack of a basement foundation or central air conditioning, when compared to the subject.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

*Ronald R. Cuit*

Chairman

*K. L. F...*

Member

*Richard A. ...*

Member

*Mark ...*

Member

*J.R.*

Member

DISSENTING:

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: February 20, 2015

*A. ...*

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.