

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Prabhjot Kaur DOCKET NO.: 12-00352.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 19-09-11-102-203-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Prabhjot Kaur, the appellant; and the Will County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>a reduction</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the Will County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

> LAND: \$2,993 IMPR.: \$63,487 TOTAL: \$66,480

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Will County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2012 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story townhouse of brick and frame exterior construction with 1,978 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 2003. Features of the home include a full unfinished basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 440 square foot two-car attached garage. The property has a 2,225 square foot site and is located in Tinley Park, Frankfort Township, Will County. Docket No: 12-00352.001-R-1

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted an appraisal estimating the subject property had a market value of \$200,000 as of September 27, 2012.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$74,993. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$225,602 or \$114.06 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2012 three year average median level of assessment for Will County of 33.24% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In response to the appeal, the board of review submitted correspondence from the Frankfort Township Assessor. As to the appellant's comparable sales, the assessor submitted Multiple Listing Service sheets and PTAX-203 Illinois Real Estate Transfer Declarations indicating that the properties were advertised for sale. The assessor stated that the appraiser used sales outside of the assessment period for 2012.

The board of review did not submit any comparable sales or market value evidence to support its assessment of the subject property.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the appraisal submitted by the appellant for \$200,000 as of September 27, 2012. The Board finds the response filed by the assessor on behalf of the board of review has no merit. The Property Tax Appeal Board is not to afford *prima facie* weight to the findings and conclusions of fact made by the board of review (Mead v. Board of Review of McHenry County, 143 Ill. App. 3d 1088 (2nd Dist. 1986); Western Illinois Power Cooperative, Inc. v. Property Tax Appeal Board, 29 Ill. App. 3d 16 (4th Dist. 1975). The decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board must be

based upon equity and the weight of evidence. (35 ILCS 16-185; <u>Commonwealth Edison Co. v. Property Tax Appeal Board</u>, 102 Ill. 2d 443 (1984); <u>Mead</u>, 143 Ill. App. 3d 1088). A taxpayer seeking review at the Property Tax Appeal Board from a decision of the board of review does not have the burden of overcoming any presumption that the assessed valuation was correct. (<u>People ex</u> <u>rel. Thompson v. Property Tax Appeal Board</u>, 22 Ill. App. 3d 316 (2nd Dist. 1974); Mead, 143 Ill. App. 3d 1088).

The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$225,602, which is above the appraised value. The Board finds the subject property had a market value of \$200,000 as of the assessment date at issue. Since market value has been established the 2012 three year average median level of assessments for Will County of 33.24% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue shall apply. (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(c)(1)). This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

Member

Chairman

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Member

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Acting Member

Acting Member

DISSENTING:

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

February 19, 2016

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.